

Wireless Produal Proxima® MESH 2.4 GHz

COMMISSIONING AND MAINTENANCE

This user guide is for MyTool version 2.0 or newer. Also, the devices must have been updated to the latest available firmware versions.









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1 Introduction

Produal Proxima® MESH 2.4 GHz is reliable wireless network solution for building automation. Based on the intelligent and self-healing MESH network, the devices utilise the best available communication frequencies dynamically in the building. The patented technology minimises the likelihood of interference by or with other wireless systems.

The product family offers a wide range of measurements and options, including products for converting digital contacts, NTC 10 temperature measurement, and 0...10 V inputs to wireless messages.

You can commission devices using the Produal MyTool® smartphone application.

1.1 About this user guide

This user guide contains important information about the installation, wiring, configuration and use of the product. Read this guide carefully before you install the product, connect the wires, or operate the product. Make sure that you fully understand all instructions before you start work. If you are not sure what the instructions mean, contact the seller or the manufacturer.

Follow all instructions in this user guide carefully. Always obey the applicable local rules and regulations.

The original instructions were written in English. If there are differences between the English instructions and the translations, refer to the English instructions.

If you find a mistake in the English instructions or in the translations, please send the details to the manufacturer.

1.2 Intended use

These products are intended to be used for measuring temperature, humidity and CO₂ in room environment and transmit information via wireless network.

These devices are intended to be connected to building automation systems in the HVAC/R industry.



2 Safety precautions

The product is developed, manufactured and tested according to high quality standards. However, instructions for safe use must be followed when installing, using or disposing the product or parts of product.

Read this user guide carefully before you commission, use or service this device. To avoid any kind of damage to people or property, follow the instructions carefully. is not liable for any hazards, injury to people, or damage to property caused by incorrect installation or misuse of the device.

To avoid electrical shock or damage to equipment, disconnect power before you install or service the product. Use only proper wiring that is rated for the full operating voltage and maximum current in the system. The wiring must also withstand fault conditions.

To avoid fire and/or explosion, do not use the product in potentially flammable or explosive atmosphere.

Make sure that the product is not damaged before installation. Do not drop the product or use excessive force during installation. Do not use the product if you can see any damages.

After installation, the product will be part of a system whose specifications and performance characteristics are not designed or controlled by . Refer to national and local authorities to ensure that the installation is functional and safe.

The product should only be used in professionally designed applications. Unauthorised modifications are not allowed. The product must not be used in relation with any equipment that in case of a failure may threaten, directly or indirectly, human health or life or result in danger to human beings, animals or property.

In this document, there are different warnings and notes. The warning and note types are defined in the following table.

Sign	Description
WARNING:	The warning symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
CAUTION:	The caution symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.
! Important:	The important symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in damage to the device or property.
Note:	The note symbol indicates a useful tip or a recommended way to complete a task. These notes also provide information that is useful but not critical to the user.



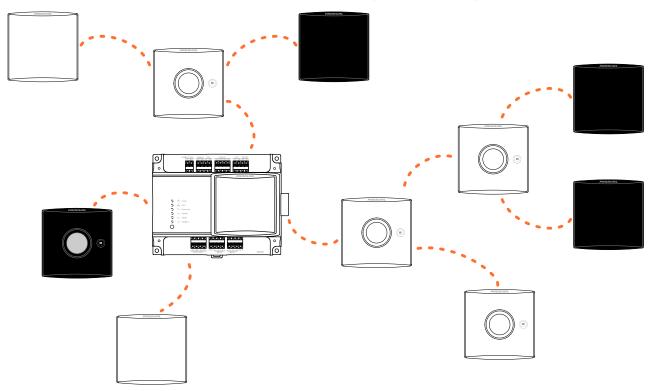
3 Network properties

Produal Proxima® wireless network is based on Lumenradio MIRA platform that provides a wireless mesh network with unprecedented scalability and reliability. The Mira network is a self-healing multi-hop network system that operate on the worldwide license-free 2,4 GHz ISM band. With patented Future-Proof Coexistence Connectivity (FPCC) technologies we enable connectivity that can safely co-exist along other wireless technologies, not being interfered or causing interference.



Important: The network uses 2,4 GHz frequency for communication. The frequency is an ISM frequency band that can be used worldwide without any licence fees. If you are not sure about the permissions to use this frequency in your country, contact your local authority for more information.

Produal Proxima® WBU base unit supports up to 100 transmitters and separate repeaters are not needed. The transmitters work as repeaters without any special configuration.



Only Wireless Produal Proxima® MESH 2,4 GHz products are compatible with the network.

MIRA is used for wireless communication between transmitters and base unit. Produal MyTool® can't communicate with wireless devices using MIRA. Bluetooth is used for communication between Produal MyTool® and wireless devices. The Bluetooth communication can be active with only one device at a time.



Note: The wireless devices can use only one communication protocol at a time. The device is disconnected from the MIRA network when the Bluetooth is activated.

The wireless devices also support Bluetooth beacon messages. Beacon messages are one-way messages from transmitters and base unit to Produal MyTool® application. These messages are used to send information to application when monitoring or debugging the network. Signal scanner also uses these beacon messages to calculate signal strength between device and application. The beacon messages can be used also when the device is connected to a MIRA network.

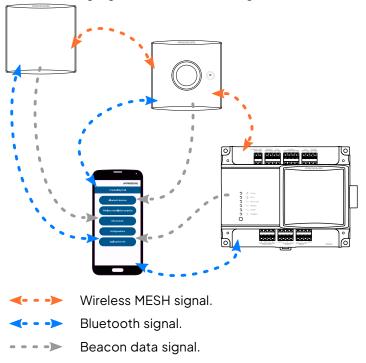
Base unit sends the beacon messages continuously. The transmitter beacon messages can be activated manually and the messages are active for one hour in following situations.

- During the transmitter installation to network, after the MIRA communication is activated.
- Transmitter is restarted.
- Connection to the network is lost.



The beacon messages are activated by pressing the connection button.

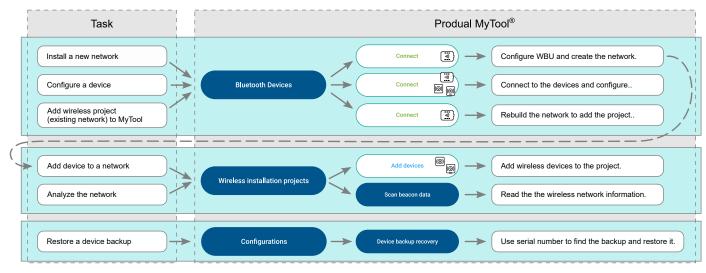
The following figure illustrates the signals between the wireless network devices.



3.1 Network configuring and commissioning procedure

It's recommended to follow the following procedure to be able to configure and commission the wireless network successfully.

The following figure illustrates how the main functions are arranged in Produal MyTool®.



- Design the network.
 See the section Designing the wireless network on page 27.
- Place the devices.See the section Mounting and wiring the wireless devices on page 31.
- Configure the base unit settings.See the section Configuring the base unit settings on page 37.
- **4.** Set up the network. See the section Setting up a new wireless network on page 50.

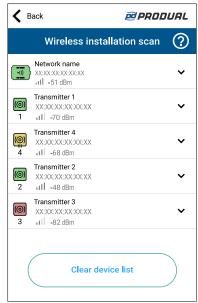


- Configure transmitter settings.See the section Configuring the wireless transmitters on page 59.
- **6.** Connect the transmitters to the network starting from the closest transmitter. See the chapter Adding devices to wireless network on page 51.

3.2 Reading beacon data

The wireless devices also support Bluetooth beacon messages. These beacon messages are one-way messages that can be sent from wireless gateway and wireless transmitters without interrupting MIRA network communication. You can't install transmitters to network using beacon data.

- 1. Start Produal MyTool®.
- 2. Press the Wireless installation projects button.
- 3. Press the Scan beacon data button.



Symbol descriptions:

Symbol	Description
(1))	Wireless base unit.
(a)	Wireless transmitter.
	Wireless input module.

Background colours:

Colour	Transmitters and input modules	Base units
		All transmitters are connected to the network.
The device is connecting to a network.		Some of the transmitters are connected to the network.
	The device is not connected to a network.	No transmitters are connected to the network.



4. Select the device from the list.

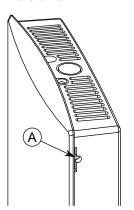
If the wireless device has ??? on the signal strength, the device is out of the coverage area or the beacon data has turned off (transmitters send the beacon data for one hour). To remove the transmitters that are not in the area, press the Clear device list button.

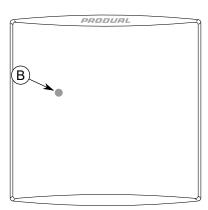
5. If the device is not showing in the list, press the connection button very shortly (under one second).

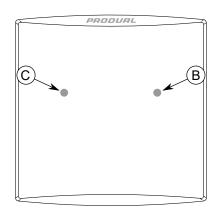
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The indicator light flashes once to indicate the button press.

There are two different indicator light configurations available depending on the device hardware version. The button press is indicated with the green indicator light in both hardware versions.







- A. Connection button
- B. Green indicator light
- C. Blue indicator light



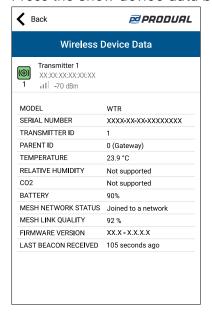
Note: Use a small screwdriver or a similar tool to push the button.



Note: If you press the button for over one second, the device Bluetooth activates and the device is disconnected from the wireless network. Press the button again over one second to deactivate the Bluetooth.

The transmitter sends the beacon messages for one hour. The beacon messages are also sent for one hour after the transmitter is connected to a network or restarted.

6. Press the Show device data button.



See the following table for more details about the Wireless Device Data view.



Parameter	Description		
MODEL	Product model.		
SERIAL NUMBER	Device serial number.		
TRANSMITTER ID	Transmitter ID number.		
PARENT ID	ID of the device that the transmitter is connected to. ID 0 means that the transmitter is directly connected to base unit. ID 255 means that the transmitter is not connected to a network.		
TEMPERATURE	Temperature measurement		
RELATIVE HUMIDITY	Relative humidity measurement. If the device is not equipped with relative humidity sensor, the text <i>Not supported</i> is displayed.		
CO2	CO_2 measurement. If the device is not equipped with CO_2 sensor, the text Not supported is displayed.		
BATTERY	Battery level (0100 %). If the transmitter is powered externally, the text Externally powered is displayed.		
MESH NETWORK	TATUS Transmitter's network status.	Not associated	The transmitter doesn't see the network.
STATUS		Associated	The transmitter has found the network and is connecting to it.
		Joined to a network	The transmitter is connected to the network.
MESH LINK QUALITY	Signal quality. The signal quality value describes the connection quality to the parent device. Values between 35 % and 100 % are acceptable values for functional network.		
FIRMWARE VERSION	Device firmware version.		
LAST BEACON RECEIVED	Time that has elapsed since the Produal MyTool® has received the last beacon message.		

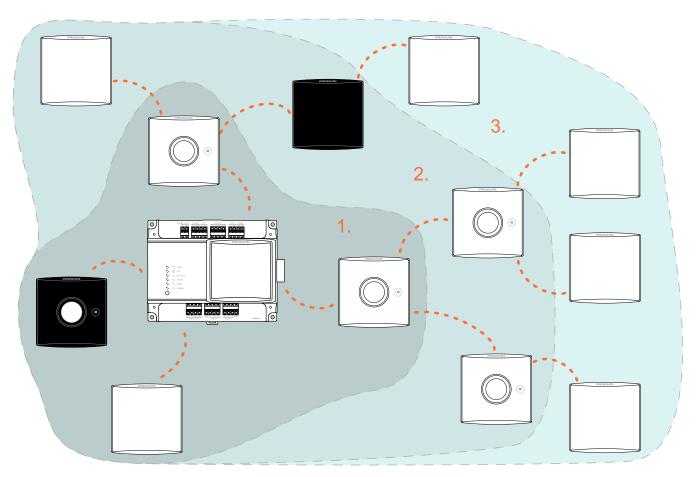
3.3 Wireless network restarting procedure

The wireless network restarts in the following situations:

- Bluetooth is activated in base unit.
- Base unit restarts due a power failure or something like that.
- After the transmitters are updated using the Firmware Over The Air (FOTA) function.

The transmitters connect to the base unit in layers, starting from the closest transmitters. The connecting order is illustrated in the following figure.





The next layer starts connecting after the previous layer is completed. Connecting can take up to 10...30 minutes per layer. If the network has been down for a long time, the connecting may take hours because of the transmitters' power saving method.

When the wireless network is restarted in a controlled manner, the network restarts synchronously.

Synchronous restarting works as follows.

- Number of installed transmitters is below 30 pcs 8 minutes
- Number of installed transmitters is 30...49 pcs 15 minutes
- Number of installed transmitters is over 50 pcs -1 hour

The transmitters don't send beacon messages after controlled restart. Beacon messages can be activated by pressing the button in transmitter. Restarting a transmitter doesn't speed up the joining to network.



4 Wireless network functions

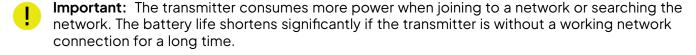
4.1 Power consumption

Wireless devices can be powered with a battery or with external power supply (WTR24).

Battery powered transmitters measure battery level two times a day. The value means that the battery level is at least the given value, not the absolute value.

- **Important:** Battery level value is calculated based on device power consumption. The level counter resets when the battery is changed. Use only unused batteries when changing.
- **Important**: Battery level calculation is based on 3600 mAh batteries. The calculation doesn't work correctly for other battery capacities.

Battery life depends on the installation environment, used measurement data sending intervals and firmware updates. Use 3600 mAh batteries to achieve optimal battery life.



4.2 Base unit inputs and outputs

Base unit has six configurable inputs and outputs for I/O purposes. Wireless transmitter signals can be forwarded directly to outputs and the input values can be read via Modbus. You can set the input and output functions by using Produal MyTool®. There are also two 24 Vac supply outputs for external devices.

The available input types are: NTC 10K, Pt1000, potential free contact and 0...10 Vdc. The outputs are 0...10 Vdc and they can be scaled freely inside the range.

4.3 Occupancy detection

PIR models are equipped with occupancy detection. The movement information is sent to base station immediately or after a delay.

See the following tables for adjusting the delays and reading the occupancy status.

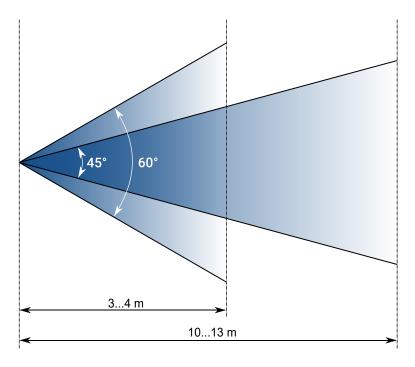
Parameter	Holding reg- ister	Default	Range	Description
PIR configuration time unit	6th bit of register 2XX89	Minutes	Minutes / Seconds	Occupancy detection time unit selection.
PIR activation delay	2XX46	Instant	Instant / 3 minutes / 6 minutes or Instant / 3 seconds / 6 seconds	Occupancy activation delay. If the value is <i>Instant</i> , the base unit register value changes to 1 immediately. If the value is not <i>Instant</i> , at least two movement detections are required during the set time, before the register value changes.
PIR deactivation delay	2XX90	5 minutes	5 / 15 / 30 / 60 / 90 / 120 minutes or 5 / 15 / 30 / 60 / 90 / 120 seconds	Occupancy deactivation delay. The register value changes to 0 after this time has elapsed and movement is not detected.

14 (104)

Parameter	Holding reg- ister	Default	Range	Description
PIR activated CO2 measurement	4th bit of register 2XX89	Disabled	Disabled / Enabled	CO ₂ measurement according to the occupancy information. If the parameter value is <i>Enabled</i> , the CO ₂ measurement is executed only if occupancy is detected. The parameter is available if the device is equipped with CO ₂ measurement.

Input register	Range	Description
2XX53 (2XX54 in CO2 models)	0/1	Occupancy detection status.

4.3.1 Detection area (PIR models)



4.4 Average groups

The data collected from the transmitters can be arranged into five average groups. One average group can represent one measured property, such as temperature, humidity, carbon dioxide, etc. One transmitter can belong to several groups and one group can include only one measured property. The average groups can be defined using Produal MyTool®.

The average value is calculated continuously from the latest available values. The highest and lowest measurements are also available for the group.

Measurements that exceed or fall below a particular subset can be dropped out from the calculation. For example, you can set that measurements under 15 °C and over 30 °C are dropped from the average calculation. These limits are only available for temperature values.

4.5 Alarms

Wireless network alarms can be read from base unit Modbus registers. The alarms always include the device ID that is sending the alarm. The following alarms are available.

- Battery level alarm. The battery level that causes an alarm can be set.
- Missing transmitter alarm.

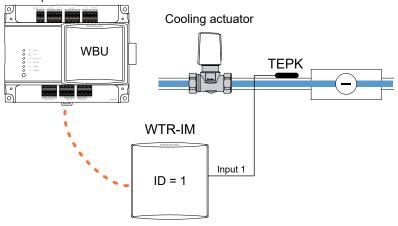


- Measurement value alarm. The measurement value limits that define the normal values can be set. An alarm is caused when the value drops under the low limit or rises over the high limit.
- Dew point alarm (WTR-IM).

4.5.1 Dew point alarm

The dew point calculation can be used for example to prevent water to condensate on a cooling water pipe. If the pipe temperature drops below dew point, water will condensate on the pipe surface. The alarm function calculates the dew point using ambient temperature, relative humidity and external temperature (pipe temperature).

Example:



Cooling water pipe temperature is measured with TEPK temperature sensor that is connected to WTR-IM input 1. The ambient temperature and humidity are measured with internal sensors of WTR-IM.

Dew point alarm settings		
Dew point alarm low limit	3 °C	
Dew point alarm high limit	5 °C	

Starting ambient conditions	
Ambient temperature	21 °C
Temperature setpoint	23 °C
Relative humidity	30 %
Pipe temperature	10 °C
Starting dew point	2.8 °C

Room temperature rises to 23 °C due the heating effect of the sun, for example. The relative humidity doesn't change, so the dew point rises to 4.5 °C. Cooling pipe temperature stays at 10 °C. The alarm is not activated.

Temperature continues to rise and cooling is increased to keep room ambient temperature at the setpoint (23 °C). Room temperature is now 23 °C and relative humidity is 30 %rH (dew point is 4.5 °C). However, cooling pipe temperature drops to 7 °C when cooling power is increased. This causes alarm to trigger since the alarm value is 7.5 °C (dew point 4.5 °C + alarm low limit 3.0 °C).

The cooling power is now lowered due the alarm. This rises the cooling pipe temperature to 10 °C, which causes alarm to turn off at 9.5 °C (dew point 4.5 °C + alarm high limit 5.0 °C).

Related Modbus registers:



Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
12849	Dew point alarm active, ID 116. External temperature measurement, input 1.	U16	bits 015	ID 116
12900	Dew point, ID 1. If data is not available, the value is 0.	S16	-10001000	-100,0100,0 °C
20051	Temperature value.	S16	-10001000	-100,0100,0 °C
20052	Humidity value.	U16	010000	0100,00 %rH
20057	Value of external input 1.	S16	-10001000	-100,0100,0 °C

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
12060	Dew point alarm, low limit.	U16	01000	0.0100.0 °C	0
12061	Dew point alarm, high limit.	U16	01000	0.0100.0 °C	0

4.6 Modbus register grouping

With Modbus register grouping the transmitter information can be grouped to a smaller Modbus register range. This enables for example reading of all transmitters' temperature values using one Modbus function. You can set up to ten register groups (0...9) that can be read from the same input register range.

The grouped register range is from 18X00 to 18X99 according to the transmitter ID. The X is the set number (0...9). The grouped registers are defined in the holding registers 18000...18009.

For example, if a temperature value from the transmitter with ID 27 must be read, the value can be read from the input register 18026. The register group 0 is for temperature by default. The original register for the transmitter temperature is 22651.

4.7 Value over bus (VOB)

Network data can be transmitted in two directions, which allows also external values to be viewed on the transmitters' displays. The base unit has writeable Modbus registers, where the data can be written and then sent to the transmitters. The function is useful for example if BMS information must be viewed on a transmitter display.

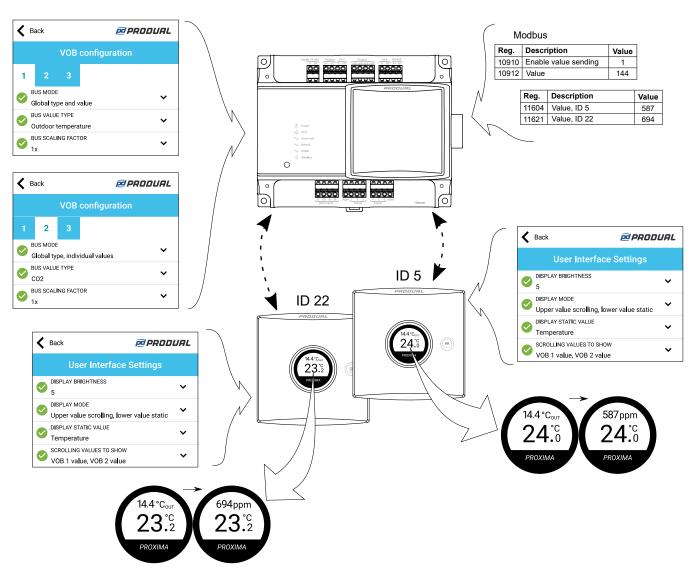
Two transmitter specific values can be shown on the displays. Also one global value (e.g. outdoor temperature) can be shown on all displays in the network. The used value type is set to base unit settings by using Produal MyTool®.



Note: The transmitter specific value type must be the same for all transmitters.

See the following figure for an example configuration.





VOB data is updated to transmitters in specific messages and the interval of these messages is fixed to the network size. The update frequency can be calculated by using the following formula: network size \times 20 s. For example, if there are 10 transmitters and a base unit in the network, the update interval is approximately 220 s (11 x 20 s = 220 s). The minimum update interval is 60 s.

4.7.1 VOB value types

MyTool value	Holding register 10906 value	VOB holding register value	Value description	Range
No value	Any	0	VOB is not in use.	-
Temperature	Any	1	Temperature.	-100,0100,0 °C
Humidity	Any	2	Humidity.	0100,00 %rH
CO2	Any	3	CO ₂ value.	010000 ppm
Voltage	Any	4	Voltage.	010,00 V
Current	Any	5	Current.	020,00 mA
Resistance (low)	Any	6	Resistance, low.	02000,0 Ω
Resistance (high)	Any	7	Resistance, high.	0300000 Ω
Hot water consumption	1	8	Hot water consumption (Finnish).	LV 030000 m ³



MyTool value	Holding register 10906 value	VOB holding register value	Value description	Range
Hot water consumption	2	8	Hot water consumption (English).	HW 030000 m ³
Cold water consumption	1	9	Cold water consumption (Finnish).	KV 030000 m ³
Cold water consumption	2	9	Cold water consumption (English).	CW 030000 m ³
Time	Any	10	Time.	099 h
Indoor temperature	Any	11	Indoor temperature.	-100,0100,0 °C _{IN}
Outdoor temperature	Any	12	Outdoor temperature.	-100,0100,0 °C _{OUT}
Binary	Any	13	Binary value.	0/1
Hot water consumption	1	14	Hot water consumption (Finnish).	LV 0.06553.5 m ³
Hot water consumption	2	14	Hot water consumption (English).	HW 0.06553.5 m ³
Hot water consumption per day	1	15	Hot water consumption per day (Finnish).	LV 0.06553.5 m ³ /day
Hot water consumption per day	2	15	Hot water consumption per day (English).	HW 0.06553.5 m ³ / day
Hot water consumption per week	1	16	Hot water consumption per week (Finnish).	LV 0.06553.5 m ³ / week
Hot water consumption per week	2	16	Hot water consumption per week (English).	HW 0.06553.5 m ³ / week
Hot water consumption per month	1	17	Hot water consumption per month (Finnish).	LV 0.06553.5 m ³ / month
Hot water consumption per month	2	17	Hot water consumption per month (English).	HW 0.06553.5 m ³ / month
Cold water consumption	1	18	Cold water consumption (Finnish).	KV 0.06553.5 m ³
Cold water consumption	2	18	Cold water consumption (English).	CW 0.06553.5 m ³
Cold water consumption per day	1	19	Cold water consumption per day (Finnish).	KV 0.06553.5 m ³ /day
Cold water consumption per day	2	19	Cold water consumption per day (English).	CW 0.06553.5 m ³ / day
Cold water consumption per week	1	20	Cold water consumption per week (Finnish).	KV 0.06553.5 m ³ / week
Cold water consumption per week	2	20	Cold water consumption per week (English).	CW 0.06553.5 m ³ / week
Cold water consumption per month	1	21	Cold water consumption per month (Finnish).	KV 0.06553.5 m ³ / month
Cold water consumption per month	2	21	Cold water consumption per month (English).	CW 0.06553.5 m ³ / month
Energy consumption	Any	30	Energy consumption.	0.06553.5 kWh
Energy consumption per hour	Any	31	Energy consumption per hour.	0.06553.5 kWh/hour
Energy consumption per day	Any	32	Energy consumption per day.	0.06553.5 kWh/day



MyTool value	Holding register 10906 value	VOB holding register value	Value description	Range
Energy consumption per week	Any	33	Energy consumption per week.	0.06553.5 kWh/week
Energy consumption per month	Any	34	Energy consumption per month.	0.06553.5 kWh/ month
Pressure (Pa)	Any	35	Pressure.	0.06553.5 Pa
Pressure (kPa)	Any	36	Pressure.	0.06553.5 kPa
Speed (m/s)	Any	37	Speed.	0.06553.5 m/s
Speed (km/h)	Any	38	Speed.	0.06553.5 km/h

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4.8 Temperature measurement stability

Temperature measurement stability function indicates how stable the measurement is. The stability is calculated from the measurement value and high and low limits. If the measured temperature drops under low limit or rises over high limit, stability value will start to decrease from 100 % towards 0 %.

If the temperature is outside the limits for the set time, the stability value reaches 0 %. If the measurement value rises/lowers back between limits, stability value will rise from 0 % towards 100 %.

The stability calculation is based on 24 measurements that are distributed to the chosen time frame (1...65535 h). For example, if the time is set to 24 h, the stability measuring interval is one hour.

4.9 Measurement data sending interval

Measurement data can be read from the transmitters based on the base unit polling, with fixed interval and with a Change of Value (COV) function.

Transmitters send the measurement information to the base unit according to the base unit polling interval. The base unit requests the measurement information according to this interval even if other data sending methods are also selected. The base unit polling interval can be set to 60...65535 s (60 s...18 h). The default interval is 15 minutes (900 s).



Note: If COV is in use, base unit polling interval is recommended to be one hour or more for longer battery life.

There are two different fixed intervals that are used to set the transmitter's measurement interval, a common interval for all transmitters and a transmitter specific interval. The transmitter reads the measurements according to the interval and the values are sent to base unit according to the COV settings. The measurement is continuous in transmitters with external power supply.

The common measurement update interval can be set to 30...65535 s and the default value is 120 s. The transmitter specific update interval overrides the common transmitter interval. The transmitter specific interval can be set to 5...65535 s and the function is deactivated as default.



Note: Short interval (< 60 s) may significantly shorten the battery life.

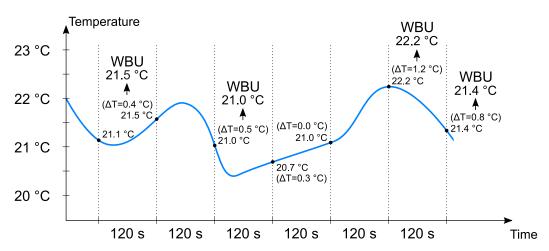
When COV mode is used, the transmitter sends the measurement data also when the data changes. If the value has changed more than the given hysteresis, this data is sent to the base station. The measured value is compared to the last value sent to the base station. When using COV mode, the base unit polling interval can be set to a higher value.



Note: COV mode may significantly shorten the battery life if the hysteresis is set to very low value.

In the following example, the measurement update interval is 120 s and the COV hysteresis is 0.4 °C.





The measurement data sending to base unit can also be forced at a specified interval. When this function is used, the measurement data is sent to the base unit even if the measurements are not changed. The forced update interval can be set to 30...65535 s and the function is deactivated as default.



Note: Short interval (< 60 s) may significantly shorten the battery life.

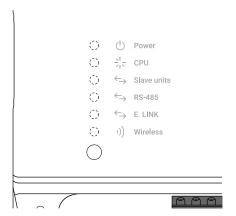
Note the following parameters:

Parameter	Holding reg- ister	Default	Range	Description
Gateway poll interval	10902	900 s	6065535 s	Poll frequency for transmitters. Base unit polls transmitters with this interval.
Transmitter activity interval	10903	120 s	3065535 s	Global setting for transmitters' measurement frequency.
Forced transmission interval	2XX47	Off	Off / 3065535 s	Transmitter specific forced data update interval.

4.10 Indicator lights

4.10.1 WBU indicator lights

The indicator lights indicate the device status.



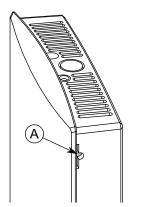
СРИ	Indicates the push of the connection button.
Power	The light is on when the supply voltage is connected.
Slave units	The light is not in use.

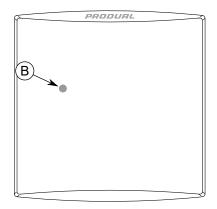


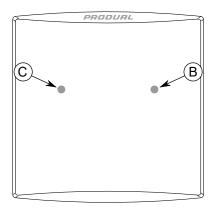
RS-485		The light indicates the communication in the RS-485 port.
E.LINK		The light indicates that expansion modules are connected to the base unit.
Wireless		Produal MyTool® is connected to the device.
	2x 5s 2x 5s	All transmitters are online and working.
	- O - O - O - O - O - O - O - O - O - O	At least one transmitter is offline.
		The network is not configured.

4.10.2 WTR indicator lights

There are two different indicator light configurations available depending on the transmitter hardware version. The transmitter can have one (green) or two (blue and green) indicator lights. The newer hardware version is equipped with two indicator lights.







- A. Connection button
- B. Green indicator light
- C. Blue indicator light

The indicator lights are used to indicate the device status. The status is indicated for one hour in the following situations.

- Power supply is connected.
- Transmitter has lost connection to network.
- Device has booted.
- The beacon messages are activated by pressing the connection button.

See the following table for the status indicator light functions. The status light is green in the device with one indicator light, and blue in the device with two indicator lights.

-0-	Produal MyTool® is connected to the device.
2x 5s 2x 5s	The device is connected to the network.
- O - O - O - O - O - 3x 5s	The device is searching the network.





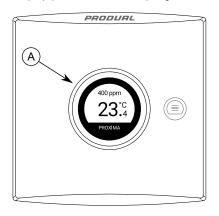
The network is not configured.

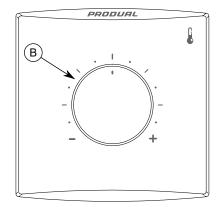
The indicator lights also indicate if the connection button is pressed. The button press is indicated with the green indicator light in both device hardware versions.

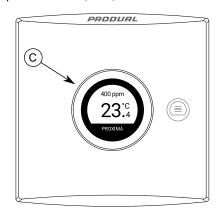
The indicator light functions can be disabled via base unit settings. The indicator lights work when the transmitter is turned on for the first time, even if disabled.

4.11 User interface

Wireless transmitters are available with several different user interface elements. The devices can be equipped with a display (-D), setpoint knob (-PK) or advanced setpoint knob (-AK).

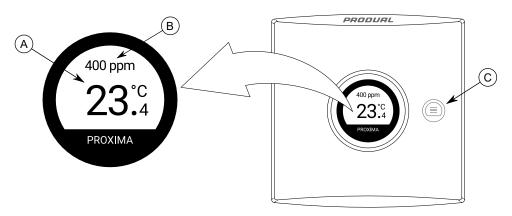






- A. Display
- B. Setpoint knob
- C. Advanced setpoint knob

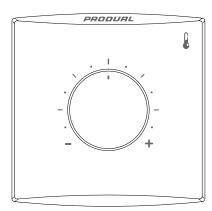
4.11.1 Display



- A. Main information view
- B. Secondary information view
- C. Menu button

The display has two areas for displaying information, main and secondary views. Either main or secondary view shows one value and the other view can show the rest of the needed values in scrolling mode view. The visible values can be chosen freely. With the menu button you can activate the display and change the displayed value on the view that is in scrolling mode. The display can also selected to be always active.

4.11.2 Setpoint knob

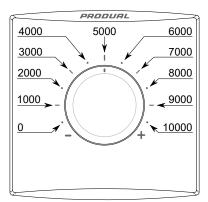


Setpoint knob can be used to set the temperature setpoint, for example. The setpoint information is not sent to base unit immediately. The information sent according to the base unit polling interval or according to COV settings.

Published: 29.04.2024

4.11.2.1 Setpoint knob output values

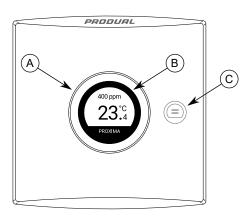
The setpoint output value can be read from the base unit Modbus registers (register 2XX53). The following figure illustrates how the cover markings correspond to the Modbus register value. The value tolerance is ±200.



4.11.3 Advanced setpoint knob

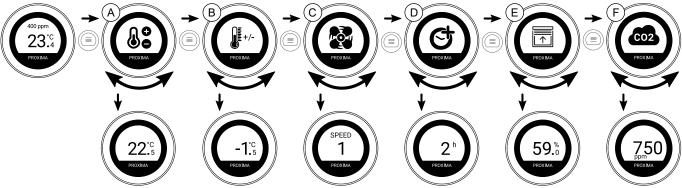
Advanced setpoint knob can be used to control various processes wirelessly. The advanced knob option includes a push button and a display that shows the measurement values and setpoints. The transmitter communicates with base unit via the wireless network. The user settings can be read to the automation system that controls the environment. The base unit or the transmitter doesn't have any control functionalities.





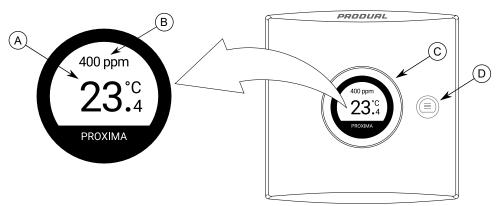
- A. Advanced setpoint knob
- B. Display
- C. Menu button

The advanced setpoint knob can be used to change several setpoints. The menu button is used to select the setpoint value to be changed. The value is sent to base unit immediately after changing.



- A. Temperature setpoint
- B. Temperature setpoint deviation
- C. Fan speed setpoint
- D. Timer function
- E. Percentage setpoint (seven display symbols available)
- F. CO₂ setpoint

The visible setpoints can be selected with Produal MyTool® and the setpoint values can be read from the base unit Modbus registers.



- A. Main information view
- B. Secondary information view
- C. Advanced setpoint knob
- D. Menu button

Display has two areas for displaying information, main and secondary views. Either main or secondary view shows one value and the other view can show the rest of the wanted values in scrolling mode view.



The visible values can be chosen freely. With the advanced setpoint knob you can activate the display and change the displayed value on the view that is in scrolling mode. The display can also selected to be always active.

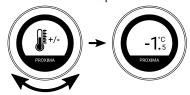
4.11.3.1 Temperature setpoint



Temperature setpoint can be -99.9...99.9 °C. The setpoint step can be 1 °C, 0.5 °C or 0.1 °C and the value can be with 1 or 0 decimals. The maximum and minimum values can also be set.

The setpoint settings can be adjusted by using Produal MyTool[®]. The current setpoint is written to the Modbus holding register 2XX91 (XX = transmitter ID - 1. For example, a transmitter with the ID 6: XX = 05.

4.11.3.2 Temperature deviation setpoint



Temperature setpoint deviation can be -99.9...99.9 °C. The setpoint step can be 1 °C, 0.5 °C or 0.1 °C and the value can be with 1 or 0 decimals. The maximum and minimum values can also be set.

The setpoint settings can be adjusted by using Produal MyTool[®]. The current setpoint is written to the Modbus holding register 2XX92 (XX = transmitter ID - 1. For example, a transmitter with the ID 6: XX = 05.

4.11.3.3 Fan speed setpoint



Fan speed setpoint can be SPEED 1, SPEED 2, SPEED 3, SPEED 4, SPEED 5, SPEED 6, OFF, ON, ECO, DAY, NIGHT or AUTO. The available setpoints can be selected with Produal MyTool®.

The current setpoint is written to the Modbus holding register 2XX93 (XX = transmitter ID - 1. For example, a transmitter with the ID 6: XX = 05. See the Modbus register values and the corresponding speeds from the chapter Holding registers for advanced setpoint knob settings on page 102.

4.11.3.4 Timer function



Timer function value can be 0...99 and the unit can be hours on minutes. The maximum timer value can also be set. The remaining timer value is sent to base unit in every measurement message.

The timer function settings can be adjusted by using Produal MyTool[®]. The current timer value is written to the Modbus input register 2XX22 (XX = transmitter ID - 1. For example, a transmitter with the ID 6: XX = 05.



4.11.3.5 Percentage setpoint



Percentage setpoint can be 0...100 %. The setpoint step can be 1 %, 5 %, 10 %, 20 % or 25 %. The maximum and minimum values can also be set. There are seven symbols available for the setpoint.

The setpoint settings can be adjusted by using Produal MyTool[®]. The current setpoint is written to the Modbus holding register 2XX95 (XX = transmitter ID - 1. For example, a transmitter with the ID 6: XX = 05.

4.11.3.6 CO₂ setpoint



 CO_2 setpoint can be 0...10000 ppm. The setpoint step can be 5 ppm, 25 ppm or 50 ppm. The maximum and minimum values can also be set.

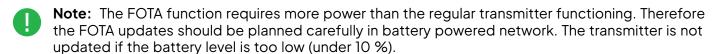
The setpoint settings can be adjusted by using Produal MyTool[®]. The current setpoint is written to the Modbus holding register 2XX96 (XX = transmitter ID - 1. For example, a transmitter with the ID 6: XX = 05.

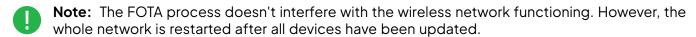
4.12 Firmware updates

Base unit firmware can be updated only locally using Produal MyTool®.

Transmitter firmware updates can be done locally or by using Firmware Over The Air (FOTA) function.

The FOTA function updates the devices over the wireless network. The FOTA firmware update process can take up from few minutes to several hours depending on the network size. The base unit updates two devices at a time and then moves to the next devices until the whole network is updated to the latest firmware version. The update process starts from the closest transmitter in the network.





4.13 Device configuration backups

Produal MyTool® saves the device configuration backup to Produal MyCloud every time the configuration is written to the device. These backups can be used when replacing a broken unit or when copying the configuration to other unit(s).

The original device's serial number is needed when restoring or copying the configuration. The serial number is printed to the type plate and it can be read from the QR code also.

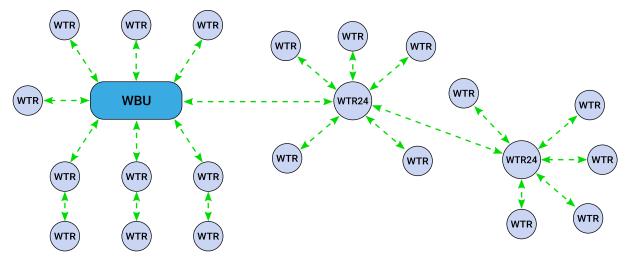
The backup can be downloaded from Produal MyCloud to a local device or it can be saved to cloud with a new name.



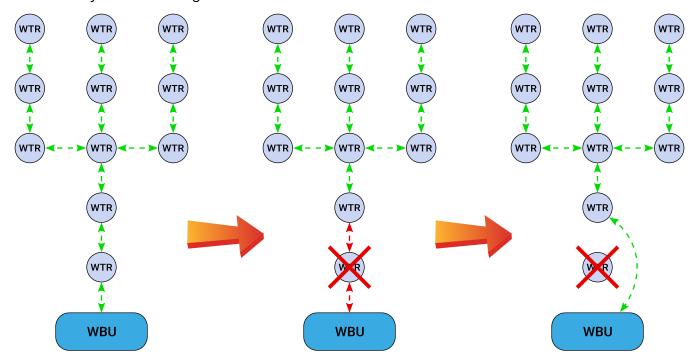
5 Designing the wireless network

In the mesh network, the base unit should be located in the centre of the network to achieve the optimal network functionality. However, the central base unit positioning is not always possible. In these situations, you should consider carefully the devices used in the network.

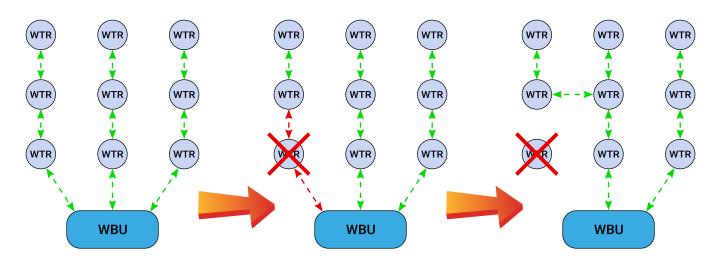
Produal Proxima® MESH can be fully battery operated. If your network has transmitters with external power supply, the network will prefer these when routing the messages. When designing a bigger network these external power supply devices can be used as the backbone of the network. If there is power loss in external power supply, battery operated devices will route traffic normally.



It is recommended to install more than one routing transmitter within the base unit signal range. This improves the network functionality and reliability. The following figures illustrate the network re-routing functionality when a routing transmitter is disconnected from network.







5.1 Signal range

Because the radio signals are electromagnetic waves, the signal becomes weaker the further it travels. The radio signal coverage is also decreased by specific materials that are in the propagation direction. The radio waves can penetrate walls, but the signal is dampened more than in the direct line of sight path. See the following table for the different construction material effect on the radio signal strength.

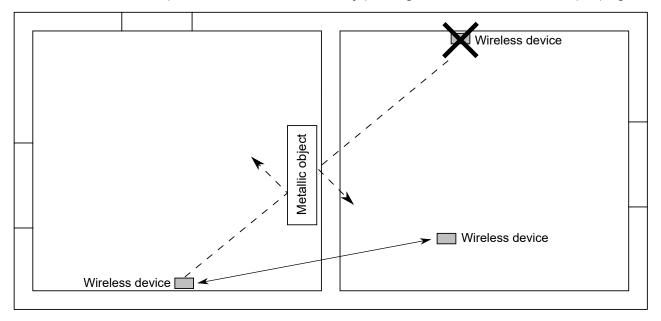
Material	Range reduction compared to direct line of sight
Wood, plaster, uncoated glass	010 %
Brick, press board	535 %
Concrete, reinforced concrete	1090 %
Metal, aluminium lining	90100 %

5.2 Effect of metal structures

Metallic parts, e.g. wall reinforcements, thermal insulation metal foils and metallized heat-absorbing glasses reflect radio waves. This creates a so called radio shadow behind the structure.

The radio transmission may work even if there are metallic obstacles on the direct path to the receiver. The radio waves reach to the destination by reflecting from metallic objects and passing through non-metallic objects (doors, windows, wooden walls). However, the radio signal range is strongly reduced.

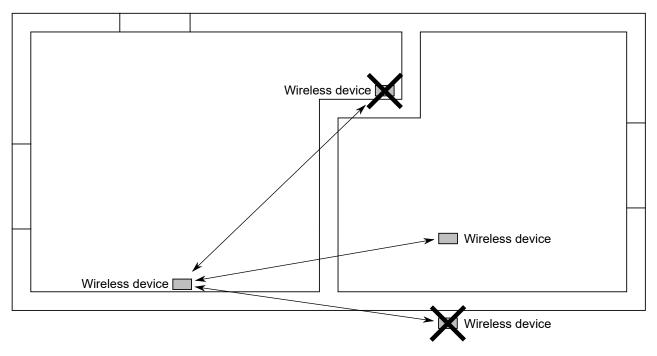
The radio transmission problems can be avoided by placing the devices on a direct propagation path.





5.3 Wall penetration angle

Wireless devices should be placed so that the radio signal goes through a wall as directly as possible. The attenuation is higher the longer the signal travels inside the wall. Avoid installing the devices in wall recesses.



5.4 Planning the wireless device positions

The device locations should be planned carefully by observing possible radio shadow places and other restrictive factors. The radio coverage in commercial buildings is usually restricted by fire safety walls that cause radio shadows. However, inside the fire protected sections, lightweight or glass partition walls are commonly used.

- 1. Take the building floor plan.
- 2. Locate and mark all relevant radio shadows to the plan.
 - Fire protection walls
 - Lavatories
 - Staircases
 - Elevator shafts
 - Big metallic furniture (e.g. cabinets)



3. Plan the device locations.

Make sure that a fixed power supply is available where needed. See the following table for power supply options.

Device	Power supply			
	Battery	24 Vac/dc		
WBU		x		
WTR	х			
WTR24		x		
WTR-IM	х	X		



Note: For reliable range planning, you have to assume some unfavourable conditions. Planning with a few meters smaller range offers reserve against the most typical bad conditions. Bad conditions are often resulted from later environmental changes (people, partition wall relocations, furniture, plants, etc.). Also the real device positions might deviate from the plan.

- 4. Verify the device locations before final installation by checking the signal propagation paths.
- **5.** Check the signal strength in the planned locations during commissioning and adjust as needed.

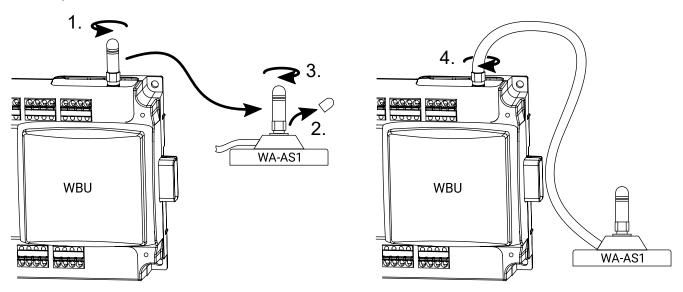
You can check the signal strengths by using the *Pre-installation scan* function in Produal MyTool®.



6 Mounting and wiring the wireless devices

6.1 Placing and mounting the base unit

The ideal base unit installation place is the central location in the network area. The device should be at least 10...15 cm away from the wall corner or concrete ceiling. If the base unit is installed inside a metal cabinet, use the antenna extension cable WA-AS1.



The base unit is designed for hidden installation, e.g. above a false ceiling, and doesn't normally require any additional cover for the cabling. However, the installation regulations may be different in your country.



Important: Check the local installation regulations before making any installations.

It's recommended to use cable ties or equivalent to have some strain relief and to tidy up the installation. If a touch protection is required on the terminals, please use a CUCC cable cover.

The base unit can be mounted on the wall by screws or to a 35 mm DIN rail.

6.1.1 Wiring



WARNING: Device wiring and commissioning can only be carried out by qualified professionals. Always make the device wirings in de-energised electricity network.



WARNING: This product is appliance class III product according to IEC 60664-1. The product may only be connected to SELV (separated extra low voltage) electricity network.



CAUTION: The product may only be connected to overvoltage category I, II or III electricity network according to IEC 60664-1.

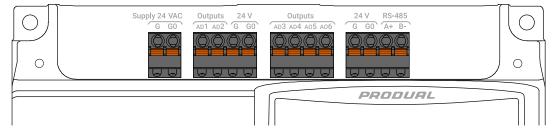
The device terminals are grouped according to the functions to avoid any wiring mistakes. There are extra G and GO terminals for connecting the separate supply voltage for other devices.

The terminals are designed for maximum of 1.5 mm² cable area. Please note that the cables for communication (RS-485) should be twisted pair (2x2 pairs).

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6.1.1.1 Top connectors



Supply 24 VAC

G	24 Vac/dc supply.
G0	Ground

Outputs

AD1	Output 1. 010 Vdc (-0,5+2 mA) output.	
AD2	Output 2. 010 Vdc (-0,5+2 mA) output.	

24 V

G	4 Vac output.	
G0	Ground	

Outputs

AD3	Output 3. 010 Vdc (-0,5+2 mA) output.	
AD4	Output 4. 010 Vdc (-0,5+2 mA) output.	
AO5	Output 5. 010 Vdc (-0,5+2 mA) output.	
AO6	Output 6. 010 Vdc (-0,5+2 mA) output.	

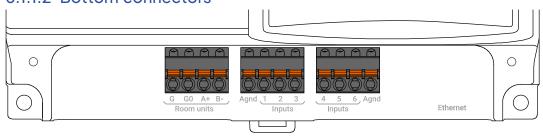
24 V

G	24 Vac output.	
G0	Ground	

RS-485

A+	RS-485 bus connection for Modbus RTU.
B-	NO-403 bus connection for froubus NTO.

6.1.1.2 Bottom connectors



Room units

G	
G0	Not in use.
A+	Not in use.
B-	



Inputs

Agnd	O V		
1	Input 1. NTC 10 / Pt1000 / Potential free contact / 010 Vdc		
2	Input 2. NTC 10 / Pt1000 / Potential free contact / 010 Vdc		
3	Input 3. NTC 10 / Pt1000 / Potential free contact / 010 Vdc		
4	Input 4. NTC 10 / Pt1000 / Potential free contact / 010 Vdc		
5	Input 5. NTC 10 / Pt1000 / Potential free contact / 010 Vdc		
6	Input 6. NTC 10 / Pt1000 / Potential free contact / 010 Vdc		
Agnd	0 V		

Ethernet

Ethernet	RJ-45 connector for Modbus TCP.
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6.2 Mounting wireless transmitters

Place the wireless transmitters according to the plan avoiding radio shadows.

The device must be installed in dry environment. You can install the device on the wall surface or on a standard flush mounting box with screws. The recommended installation height is 150...180 cm.



Important: Be extra careful when mounting transmitters with CO_2 measurement. The CO_2 sensor is sensitive for bending and incorrect measurements are possible if the bottom cover is mounted incorrectly.

Select the mounting position carefully. If possible, eliminate all the error factors that can affect the measurements. Typical measurement error factors include:

- direct sun light
- occupant proximity
- air flow coming from windows or doors
- air flow coming from ventilation nozzles
- air flow coming from the flush mounting box
- differential temperature caused by external wall

6.2.1 Powering WTR

WTR models have a battery for power supply. The devices are delivered with a battery that is disconnected by using a disconnecting strip. Open the cover and remove the strip to enable the power supply for the device.



CAUTION: There is a risk of explosion if the battery is replaced by an incorrect type. Use only battery types that are defined by Produal. Contact Produal sales to get more information about recommended batteries.



CAUTION: Dispose the used batteries according to the instructions of local authorities.

6.2.2 Wiring WTR24

The WTR24 models have connectors for 24 Vac/dc supply.





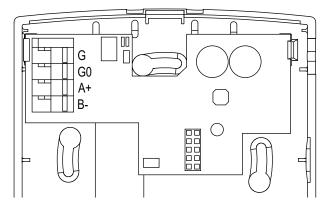
WARNING: Device wiring and commissioning can only be carried out by qualified professionals. Always make the device wirings in de-energised electricity network.



WARNING: This product is appliance class III product according to IEC 60664-1. The product may only be connected to SELV (separated extra low voltage) electricity network.



CAUTION: The product may only be connected to overvoltage category I, II or III electricity network according to IEC 60664-1.



G	4 Vac/dc supply			
G0	Fround			
A+	Not in use.			
B-				



6.2.3 Wiring WTR-IM



WARNING: Device wiring and commissioning can only be carried out by qualified professionals. Always make the device wirings in de-energised electricity network.



WARNING: This product is appliance class III product according to IEC 60664-1. The product may only be connected to SELV (separated extra low voltage) electricity network.



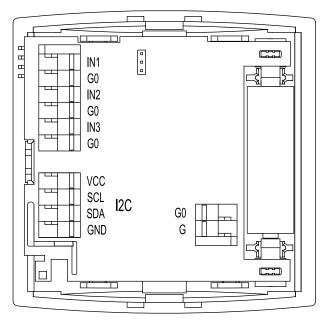
CAUTION: The product may only be connected to overvoltage category I, II or III electricity network according to IEC 60664-1.



CAUTION: There is a risk of explosion if the battery is replaced by an incorrect type. Use only battery types that are defined by Produal. Contact Produal sales to get more information about recommended batteries.



CAUTION: Dispose the used batteries according to the instructions of local authorities.



G0	0 V			
G	1030 Vdc / 1228 Vac			

IN1	Input 1 (010 V or NTC 10K or digital or resistive).	
G0	- Imput 1 (010 v of two for digital of fesistive).	
IN2	- Input 2 (010 V or NTC 10K or digital or resistive).	
G0	- Imput 2 (010 v of NTC TOX of digital of resistive).	
IN3	Input 3 (010 V or NTC 10K or digital or resistive). The input supports energy harvesting from 010 V	
GO	signal when the device is battery powered. The harvesting is active if the signal is over 4 V.	



Note: When using 0...10 V inputs, the input potential must be the same that is used in the connected 0...10 V device. Use common G0 with the connected device's power supply, for example.



Note: Use NO type contact for digital input, if the device is only battery powered. NC requires power and that significantly shortens the battery life.

VCC	100	35 Vdc
SCL	models	Serial clock line.
SDA		Serial data line.



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GND OV



7 Configuring the base unit settings

To configure the device, you first need to connect it to Produal MyTool® application. When the device is connected to application, you can make changes to the configuration.

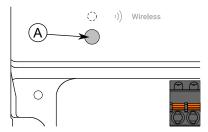
- 1. Connect the supply voltage to the base unit.
- 2. Start Produal MyTool®.
- **3.** Press the Bluetooth Devices button.

The device list shows the devices that have Bluetooth activated.



Note: The Bluetooth is enabled when the supply voltage is connected for the first time.

4. If the device is not showing in the list, press the connection button until the *CPU* indicator light flashes to enable the Bluetooth in the device.



A. Connection button

The indicator light should flash once after pressing the button for one second but under two seconds.



Note: Use a small screwdriver or a similar tool to push the button.

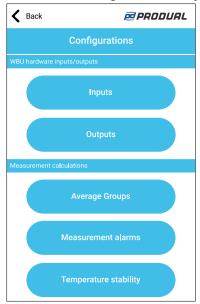
- 5. Select the device from the list.
- 6. Press the Connect button.

Wireless indicator light is illuminated continuously when Produal MyTool® is connected to the device.





7. Press the Configure manually button.





Configurations view has the following menus:

Inputs Set up inputs.

Outputs Set up outputs.

Average groups Set up average group calculations from measured values. There are five

calculation groups available.

Measurement alarms Set up measurement alarms.

Temperature stability Set up temperature measurement stability calculation.

Modbus register

grouping

Set up Modbus register grouping.

Value over bus Set up value over bus (VOB) settings.

Wireless network

settings

Set up wireless network settings.

General communication Set up communication parameters and network alarms. settings

See more information about the settings from the following chapters.

- **8.** Make the changes to configuration.
- **9.** Press Install to device button to write the changes to the device.
- 10. Press the Back button.
- 11. Press the Back button again to disconnect from the device.
- 12. Select the disconnecting method.
 - Select Disconnect to disconnect the device without deactivating the device Bluetooth.
 - Select End commissioning to disconnect the device and deactivate the device Bluetooth.
 - Select Cancel to cancel disconnecting.



Note: The wireless network communication (MIRA communication) starts only if the Bluetooth is deactivated. However, the device also deactivates the Bluetooth if connection to Produal MyTool® is lost for 30 minutes.

7.1 Setting inputs

There are six inputs and all the inputs are multifunctional. The input values can be read via Modbus.

1. Press the Inputs button in the Configurations display.



- 2. Select the input you are going to set by pressing the number.
- **3.** Select the input type.

The available types are:

Not used The input is deactivated.

O...10 V Input Input for O...10 Vdc signal.

Temperature sensor NTC10K Input for NTC 10K temperature sensor.

Temperature sensor Pt1000 Input for Pt1000 temperature sensor.

Digital input Input for potential free contact.

4. Press the *Edit parameters* button to set up the input. *Edit parameters* button is available only for *Digital input* input type.

5. Make the settings.

See the following chapters for more details about the parameters.

- **6.** Press the Confirm changes button to save the changes.
- 7. Press the Confirm changes button again to save the changes.
- 8. Press Install to device button to write the changes to the device.

7.1.1 Available settings for potential free contact

Parameter name	Values	Default	Description
Contact-On level	0300000 Ω	300000 Ω	Contact on level. Set the input value that is interpreted as contact ON on value. The function works as a "software contact". The value can also be lower than the Contact-Off level value. This way you can invert the function direction.
Contact-Off level	0300000 Ω	0 Ω	Contact off level. Set the input value that is interpreted as contact OFF on value. The function works as a "software contact".

7.2 Setting outputs

- 1. Press the Outputs button in the Configurations display.
- 2. Select the output you are going to set.
- 3. Select the Output source

The available selections are:

Off The output is deactivated.

BMS The output is controlled via Modbus.

Transmitter ID A transmitter measurement value is directed to the output.

4. Select the Output type.

The available selections are:

Voltage The output type is 0...10 Vdc.

24 Vac The output type is 24 Vac. The selection is not available if the

parameter Output source value is Transmitter ID.

5. Select Wireless input.

Select the transmitter that is used for the output source. The selection is available only if the parameter *Output source* value is *Transmitter ID*.

- 6. Select the Converted measurement.
 - Select the measurement for the output.

If the parameter *Output* source value is *Transmitter ID*, you can set the scaling values for the measurement by pressing the *Edit parameters* button. See the following chapter for more details about the parameters.

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- 7. Press the Confirm changes button to save the changes.
- 8. Press the Confirm changes button again to save the changes.
- 9. Press Install to device button to write the changes to the device.

7.2.1 Available settings for voltage output

These settings are available only if the parameter Output source value is Transmitter ID.

Parameter name	Values	Default	Description
Measurement source selection	Internal temperature sensor / Internal humidity sensor / Transmitter specific measurement 14 / External measurement 14	-	Measurement source. The default value and selectable values depend on the selected measurement type.
Transmitter offline value	Off / 0.00100.00 %	0.00 %	The value to be used if the transmitter is offline. If the parameter value is Off, last known value is used.
Scale low point		1	
Temperature @ 0%	-100.0100.0 °C	0.0 °C	Temperature value at 0 % output signal. The parameter value is available when the Converted measurement parameter value is Temperature.
Humidity @ 0%	0.00100.00 %rH	0.00 %rH	Relative humidity value at 0 % output signal. The parameter value is available when the Converted measurement parameter value is Relative humidity.
CO2 @ 0%	010000 ppm	0 ррт	CO ₂ value at 0 % output signal. The parameter value is available when the Converted measurement parameter value is CO2.
Voltage @ 0%	0.00010.000 V	0.000 V	Output voltage at 0 % measurement signal.
Scale high point			
Temperature @ 100%	-100.0100.0 °C	0.0 °C	Temperature value at 100 % output signal. The parameter value is available when the Converted measurement parameter value is Temperature.
Humidity @ 100%	0.00100.00 %rH	100.00 %rH	Relative humidity value at 100 % output signal. The parameter value is available when the Converted measurement parameter value is Relative humidity.
CO2 @ 100%	010000 ppm	0 ррт	CO ₂ value at 100 % output signal. The parameter value is available when the Converted measurement parameter value is CO2.
Voltage @ 100%	0.00010.000 V	10.000 V	Output voltage at 100 % measurement signal.

7.3 Configuring average measurement groups

You can configure up to five average measurement groups. One transmitter can be in several groups and one group can include only one measured property.



- 1. Press the Average Groups button in the Configurations view.
- 2. Select the group you are going to set by pressing the number.
- **3.** Select the average group type.

The available types are:

Disabled Average group disabled.

Temperature Average group for temperature measurements.

Relative Humidity Average group for relative humidity measurements.

CO2 Average group for CO₂ measurements.

- 4. Press the Edit parameters button.
- **5.** Make the settings.

See the chapter Available settings for average groups on page 41 for more details.

- **6.** Press the Confirm changes button to save the changes.
- 7. Press the Confirm changes button again to save the changes.
- 8. Press Install to device button to write the changes to the device.

7.3.1 Available settings for average groups

Parameter name	Values	Default	Description
Average calculation source selection	Internal / External 14	Internal	Source for the measurement. <i>Internal</i> = internal measurement. <i>External</i> = external measurement. External measurements are available for the devices that have inputs (e.g. WTR-IM).
Selected transmitters	Selected Transmitters 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 0 10 11 12 13 4 15 16 17 13 10 55 21 22 13 13 15 16 17 13 10 55 21 22 13 13 15 15 17 13 10 55 21 22 13 13 15 15 16 17 13 10 55 21 22 13 13 15 15 16 17 13 10 16 41 42 13 14 45 16 17 14 15 16 51 52 13 53 55 56 57 53 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 67 67 70 70 70 80 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 63 67 67 67 67 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 67 67 67 67 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 67 67 67 67 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 67 67 67 67 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 67 67 67		List of transmitters that are used in the average group. The selected transmitters are marked with green background and online transmitters are marked with white background. Offline transmitters can also be selected to the average group.
Temperature average high cutoff	-100100 °C	0,0 °C	Set the highest value that is used in the average calculation. Values over the set value are not used in the calculation. The parameter is available only for temperature average groups.
Temperature average low cutoff	-100100 °C	0,0 °C	Set the lowest value that is used in the average calculation. Values below the set value are not used in the calculation. The parameter is available only for temperature average groups.

7.4 Configuring alarms

7.4.1 Configuring measurement alarms

- 1. Press the Measurement alarms button in the Configurations view.
- 2. Make the settings.

 See the chapter Available settings for measurement alarms on page 42 for more details.
- 3. Press the Confirm changes button to save the changes.
- 4. Press Install to device button to write the changes to the device.



7.4.1.1 Available settings for measurement alarms

Parameter name	Values	Default	Description
General temperature alarm, low	Off / -100,0100,0 °C	Off	Low temperature alarm. Alarm activates when any transmitter's temperature drops below the set value.
General temperature alarm, high	Off / -100,0100,0 °C	Off	High temperature alarm. Alarm activates when any transmitter's temperature rises over the set value.
General RH% alarm, low	Off / 0,00100,00 %rH	Off	Low humidity alarm. Alarm activates when any transmitter's humidity level drops below the set value.
General RH% alarm, high	Off / 0,00100,00 %rH	Off	High humidity alarm. Alarm activates when any transmitter's humidity level rises over the set value.
General CO2 alarm, low	Off / 010000 ppm	Off	Low CO ₂ alarm. Alarm activates when any transmitter's CO ₂ level drops below the set value.
General CO2 alarm, high	Off / 010000 ppm	Off	High CO ₂ alarm. Alarm activates when any transmitter's CO ₂ level rises over the set value.
Condensation alarm			
Dew point alarm window on limit	0,0100,0 °C	0.0 °C	Dew point alarm, low limit.
Dew point alarm window off limit	0,0100,0 °C	0.0 °C	Dew point alarm, high limit.

7.4.2 Configuring network related alarms

- 1. Press the Wireless network settings button in the Configurations view.
- Make the settings.See the chapter Available settings for network related alarms on page 42 for more details.
- **3.** Press the Confirm changes button to save the changes.
- **4.** Press Install to device button to write the changes to the device.

7.4.2.1 Available settings for network related alarms

Parameter name	Values	Default	Description
Offline alarm	Off / 18065535 s	7200 s	Alarm for offline transmitters. Set the offline time that activates the alarm.
Battery alarm limit	199 %	11 %	Battery level alarm. Set the battery level that activates the alarm.
			Note: The alarm activates when the level drops under the set value. For example, 11 % means that the alarm activates when the battery level is 10 %.

7.5 Configuring temperature measurement stability calculation

- 1. Press the Temperature stability button in the Configurations view.
- 2. Make the settings.

 See the chapter Available settings for temperature measurement stability calculation on page 43 for more details.
- **3.** Press the Confirm changes button to save the changes.
- **4.** Press Install to device button to write the changes to the device.



7.5.1 Available settings for temperature measurement stability calculation

Parameter name	Values	Default	Description
Temperature stability calculation low limit	-100.0100.0 °C	-100.0 °C	Temperature stability calculation range low limit.
Temperature stability calculation high limit	-100.0100.0 °C	100.0 °C	Temperature stability calculation range high limit.
Temperature stability calculation window size	165535 h	24 h	Stability calculation time frame.

7.6 Configuring Modbus register grouping

- 1. Press the Modbus register grouping button in the Configurations view.
- Make the settings.
 See the chapter Available settings for Modbus register grouping on page 43 for more details.
- **3.** Press the Confirm changes button to save the changes.
- **4.** Press Install to device button to write the changes to the device.

7.6.1 Available settings for Modbus register grouping

Parameter name	Values	Default	Description
Address of register cloned from WTR, slot	See the following table.	Temperature	The transmitters' value to be grouped to slot 1. The values are grouped to base unit registers 1800018099.
Address of register cloned from WTR, slot 2	See the following table.	Humidity	The transmitters' value to be grouped to slot 2. The values are grouped to base unit registers 1810018199.
Address of register cloned from WTR, slot 3	See the following table.	Transmitter specific measurement 1	The transmitters' value to be grouped to slot 3. The values are grouped to base unit registers 1820018299.
Address of register cloned from WTR, slot	See the following table.	Transmitter specific measurement 2	The transmitters' value to be grouped to slot 4. The values are grouped to base unit registers 1830018399.
Address of register cloned from WTR, slot 5	See the following table.	Input 1	The transmitters' value to be grouped to slot 5. The values are grouped to base unit registers 1840018499.
Address of register cloned from WTR, slot 6	See the following table.	Input 2	The transmitters' value to be grouped to slot 6. The values are grouped to base unit registers 1850018599.
Address of register cloned from WTR, slot 7	See the following table.	Input 3	The transmitters' value to be grouped to slot 7. The values are grouped to base unit registers 1860018699.
Address of register cloned from WTR, slot 8	See the following table.	Input 4	The transmitters' value to be grouped to slot 8. The values are grouped to base unit registers 1870018799.
Address of register cloned from WTR, slot 9	See the following table.	Battery level	The transmitters' value to be grouped to slot 9. The values are grouped to base unit registers 1880018899.

Parameter name	Values	Default	Description
Address of register cloned from WTR, slot	See the following table.	Signal strength	The transmitters' value to be grouped to slot 10. The values are grouped to base unit registers

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Parameter value	Description	
Temperature	Temperature measurement.	
Humidity	Humidity measurement.	
Transmitter specific measurement 13	Transmitter specific measurements (e.g. Transmitter specific value $1 = CO_2$ measurement).	
Input 14	Inputs' values.	
Battery level	Transmitter battery level.	
Signal strength	Transmitter signal strength.	

7.7 Configuring Value Over Bus settings

You can configure up to three Value Over bus functions.

- 1. Press the Value Over Bus button in the Configurations view.
- 2. Select the configuration you are going to set by pressing the number.
- Make the settings.See the chapter Available settings for value over bus on page 44 for more details.
- **4.** Press the Confirm changes button to save the changes.
- 5. Press Install to device button to write the changes to the device.

7.7.1 Available settings for value over bus

Parameter name	Values	Default	Description	
Bus mode	Global type and	Global type and	VOB mode.	
	value / Global type, individual values	value	Global type and value	The same value and value type is sent to all transmitters.
			Global type, individual values	Individual values are sent to the transmitters. The value type is the same for all values.
Bus value type	No value / Temperature /	No value		alues and their descriptions from le value over bus (VOB) value
Bus scaling factor	1x / x/10000 / x/1000 / x/100 / x/10 / 10x / 100x / 1000x / 10000x	lx	Scaling factor for th	ne value.

7.8 Configuring wireless network settings

1. Press the Wireless network settings button in the Configurations display.

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- 2. Make the settings.

 See the chapter Available settings for wireless network on page 45 for more details.
- **3.** Press the Confirm changes button to save the changes.
- 4. Press Install to device button to write the changes to the device.

7.8.1 Available settings for wireless network

Parameter name	Values	Default	Description	
Offline alarm	Off / 18065535 s	7200 s	Alarm for offline transmitters. Set the offline time that activates the alarm.	
Battery alarm limit	199 %	11 %	Battery level alarm. Set the battery level that activates the alarm.	
			Note: The alarm activates when the level drops under the set value. For example, 11 % means that the alarm activates when the battery level is 10 %.	
Gateway poll interval	6065535 s	900 s	Poll frequency for transmitters. Base unit polls transmitters with this interval.	
Transmitter activity interval	3065535 s	120 s	Global setting for transmitters' measurement frequency.	
Transmitter indication led flashing	Enabled / Disabled	Enabled	Transmitter indicator light flashing status. Flashing can be disabled by setting the parameter value to Disabled.	
Measurement values when a transmitter is offline	Keep last values / Zero all values	Keep last values	Setting for the measurement values when the transmitter is offline.	
Orrille			Keep last values Last values are kept.	
			Zero all values All values are reset to zero.	
Network level WTR language setting	English / Finnish	English	Transmitters' user interface language selection.	
Global COV settings				
Global COV limit, temperature	Off / 0.150.0 °C	Off	Global COV limit for temperature values.	
Global COV limit, RH %	Off / 0.0150.00 rH%	Off	Global COV limit for humidity values.	
Global COV limit, CO2	Off / 15000 ppm	Off	Global COV limit for CO ₂ values.	

7.9 Configuring communication settings

- 1. Press the General communication settings button in the Configurations display.
- 2. Make the settings.

 See the chapter Available settings for communication on page 46 for more details.
- 3. Press the Confirm changes button to save the changes.
- **4.** Press Install to device button to write the changes to the device.



7.9.1 Available settings for communication

Parameter name	Values	Default	Description
Custom device name	032 characters	Unnamed device	Device name. Device name supports ASCII characters. The name is shown in the device connection view.
Ethernet Settings			
DHCP	Enabled / Disabled	Disabled	Enable DHCP. Enable to get the IP address from server.
IP-address	XXX.XXX.XXX	192.168.1.1	Ethernet IP address.
Subnet mask	xxx.xxx.xxx	255.255.255.0	Ethernet subnet mask.
Gateway	xxx.xxx.xxx	192.168.1.1	Ethernet gateway.
Primary DNS server	xxx.xxx.xxx	10.10.1.7	Primary DNS server for Ethernet.
Secondary DNS server	xxx.xxx.xxx	10.10.1.6	Secondary DNS server for Ethernet.
RS-485 Settings			
BMS RS-485 address	1247	1	Modbus address (RS-485).
BMS RS-485 speed	9600 / 14400 / 19200 / 38400 / 57600 / 115200 bit/s	9600 bit/s	Modbus speed (RS-485).
BMS RS-485 parity	None / Odd / Even	None	Modbus parity (RS-485).
BMS RS-485 stop- bits	1 Stop-Bit / 2 Stop-Bits	1 Stop-Bit	Modbus stop bits (RS-485).
Modbus TCP Unit ID	0255	1	Modbus TCP unit identifier. The setting is available when the parameter value is Modbus TCP Ethernet.
Radio Settings			
Continuous beacon message sending	Enabled / Disabled	Enabled	Beacon message sending. Beacon messages can be disabled by setting the parameter value to <i>Disabled</i> .

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7.10 Updating the device firmware

The device firmware can be updated when the Produal MyTool® notifies about the update.

- 1. Start Produal MyTool®.
- 2. Press the Devices button.

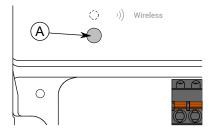
The device list shows the devices that have Bluetooth activated.



Note: The Bluetooth is enabled when the supply voltage is connected for the first time.



3. If the device is not showing in the list, press the connection button until the CPU indicator light flashes to enable the Bluetooth in the device.



A. Connection button

The indicator light should flash once after pressing the button for one second but under two seconds.

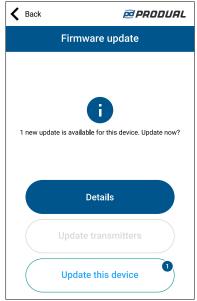


Note: Use a small screwdriver or a similar tool to push the button.

- 4. Select the device from the list.
- 5. Press the Connect button.

Wireless indicator light is illuminated continuously when Produal MyTool® is connected to the device.

6. Press the Firmware update button.



You can see the update details by pressing the Details button.

7. Press the Update this device button to update the firmware.



Important: The update starts immediately when you press the button. Do not interrupt the installation process.

Application downloads the new firmware and transfers it to the device. The device restarts to complete the firmware update.

- 8. Press the OK button on the confirmation view.
- **9.** Press the *Back* to disconnect from the device.
- **10.** Select the disconnecting method.
 - Select Disconnect to disconnect the device without deactivating the device Bluetooth.
 - Select End commissioning to disconnect the device and deactivate the device Bluetooth.
 - Select Cancel to cancel disconnecting.

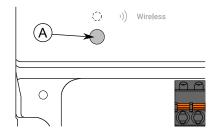
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7.10.1 Resetting to factory firmware

If the firmware update fails, the device can be reset to factory firmware.

- Disconnect the power supply.
- 2. Press and hold the connection button.



- A. Connection button
- 3. Reconnect the power supply.
- 4. Wait for 30 seconds and release the button.

The factory firmware is now reset to the device.

7.11 Restoring device backup from Produal MyCloud

Produal MyTool® saves the device configuration backup to Produal MyCloud every time the configuration is written to the device. A working internet connection is needed for saving the configuration to cloud.



Note: The backup restoring can be used when replacing a broken unit or copying the configuration to another unit.

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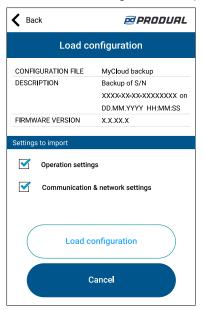
- 1. Start Produal MyTool[®].
- 2. Press Configurations button.
- 3. Press Device backup recovery button.
- 4. Write the serial number of the device from which the backup is going to be loaded. The serial number is printed to the type plate on the device housing. You can also read the QR code from the type plate by pressing the Scan QR code button and following the on-screen instructions.
- 5. Press Search backups button.
- 6. Select the backup from the list.
- 7. Press Choose button.
- 8. Press Load backup to device button.

In this view you can also select to export the file locally or save as the configuration to Produal MyCloud.

- **9.** Select the device to which you are going to upload the configuration. If the device is not on the list, check that the device's bluetooth is active.
- 10. Press Connect button.



11. Select the settings to be imported.



- 12. Press Load configuration button.
- 13. Press Install to device button.
- 14. Press the Back button.
- **15.** Press the *Back* button again to disconnect from the device.
- 16. Select the disconnecting method.
 - Select Disconnect to disconnect the device without deactivating the device Bluetooth.
 - Select End commissioning to disconnect the device and deactivate the device Bluetooth.
 - Select Cancel to cancel disconnecting.



Note: The wireless network communication (MIRA communication) starts only if the Bluetooth is deactivated. However, the device also deactivates the Bluetooth if connection to Produal MyTool® is lost for 30 minutes.

8 Commissioning the wireless network

8.1 Setting up a new wireless network

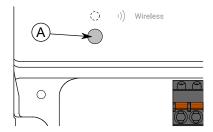
- Important: Configure all needed base unit settings (Modbus settings, output configurations etc.) before setting up the wireless network.
 - 1. Connect the supply voltage to the base unit.
 - 2. Start Produal MyTool®.
 - 3. Press the Devices button.

The device list shows the devices that has Bluetooth activated.

Note: The Bluetooth is enabled when the supply voltage is connected for the first time.

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4. If the device is not showing in the list, press the connection button until the *CPU* indicator light flashes to enable the Bluetooth in the device.



A. Connection button

The indicator light should flash once after pressing the button for one second but under two seconds.



Note: Use a small screwdriver or a similar tool to push the button.

- 5. Select the device from the list.
- 6. Press the Connect button.

Wireless indicator light is illuminated continuously when Produal MyTool® is connected to the device.



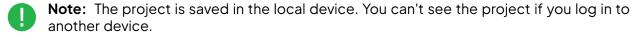
You can also configure the base unit settings at this phase. See more information from the chapter Configuring the base unit settings on page 37.



- 7. Press the Network installation button.
- **8.** Set the device name for the base unit. The device name is also used for the network name.
- **9.** Press the Next button.
- **10.** Set the transmitter naming pattern.

 Use ### to insert transmitter ID to the pattern.
- 11. Press the Next button.
- 12. Review the network configuration and press the INITIALIZE NETWORK button.
- 13. Select the method to continue.
 - Press OK button to return to main view.
 - Press Add transmitters to project button to add wireless transmitters to network.
 - **Important:** Configure all needed transmitter settings before connecting to the wireless network.

The base unit deactivates the Bluetooth communication and moves to MIRA communication mode. The wireless network is now visible in the *Wireless installation projects* view.



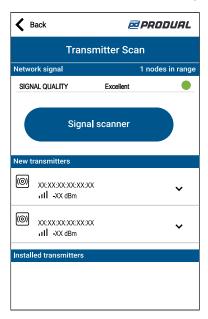
8.1.1 Adding devices to wireless network

- Important: Configure all needed transmitter settings before connecting to the wireless network.
- **Important:** If you are adding new transmitters to an existing network, make sure that all network devices are updated to latest firmware version before adding the new devices.
 - 1. Connect the supply voltage to the transmitter.
 - 2. Start Produal MyTool®.
 - **3.** Press the Wireless installation projects button.

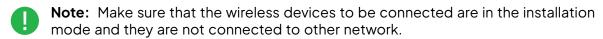


4. Select the project and press the Add devices button.

Transmitter Scan view is displayed.



All devices that can be connected to the network are listed in the *New transmitters* section. The transmitters that are already connected to the network are listed in the *Installed transmitters* section.





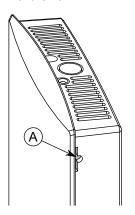


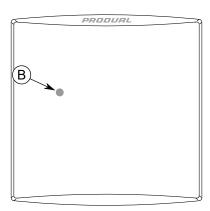
5. If the device is not showing in the list, press the connection button until the green indicator light flashes to enable the Bluetooth in the device.

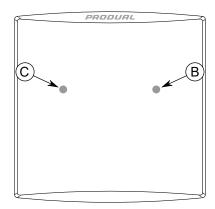


Important: Do not press the connection button within 10 seconds after connecting supply voltage. It takes up to 10 seconds until the transmitter is fully started and functional.

There are two different indicator light configurations available depending on the device hardware version. The button press is indicated with the green indicator light in both hardware versions.







- A. Connection button
- B. Green indicator light
- C. Blue indicator light

The indicator light should flash once after pressing the button for one second but under two seconds.



Note: Use a small screwdriver or a similar tool to push the button.

- **6.** Select the device to be connected to the network.
- 7. Press the Connect button.
- 8. Press the Network installation button.
 - 1

Important: Configure all needed transmitter settings before connecting to the wireless network.

See the chapter Configuring the wireless transmitters on page 59 for more information.

If the Network installation button is not visible, the device is already connected to a network. You have to reset the network settings to be able connect the device to a new network. See the chapter Resetting network settings on page 56 for more information.

9. Select ID for the device.

When selecting the ID, there are few things to be considered.

- The ID can be 1...100.
- The ID must be unique inside the network.
- If the ID is already used inside the network, the application asks to replace the existing device. The existing device is disconnected from the network if replaced.
- 10. Press the Next button.
- 11. Write the device name.

The application warns about names that are already used during the same commissioning session.

- 12. Press the Next button.
- 13. Review the network configuration and press the INITIALIZE NETWORK button.



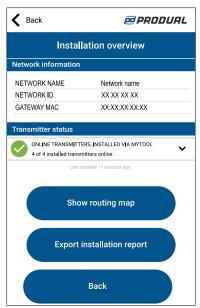
14. Press OK button on the Configuration finished view.

The base unit deactivates the Bluetooth communication and moves to MIRA communication mode. MyTool returns to the *Transmitter Scan* view.



Note: The transmitter tries to connect to the network immediately. If the first connection attempt fails, the transmitter tries to connect again in the following schedule: 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128 min. If the network connection fails after 128 minutes, the transmitter restarts and starts the connecting procedure from the beginning.

- 15. Add more devices if needed.
- **16.** When all needed devices are added, press the *Installation* overview button.



You can view the network structure by pressing the Show routing map button. See the chapter Routing map on page 55 for more information.

If needed, save the network settings to a .csv file by pressing the Export installation report button.

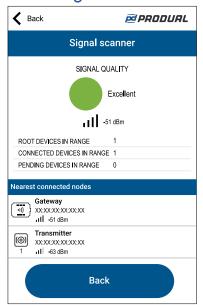
17. Press the End installation button to return to main view or press the Discard project button to close the project and remove it from the Wireless installation projects view.



Note: When installing transmitters to network or when the transmitters have lost the connection, it can take several minutes before the transmitters are connected to network.



8.1.1.1 Signal scanner



Signal quality Signal level to the nearest wireless device.

Root devices in range Base unit in range (0 / 1).

Connected devices in Device count for devices that are connected to the network.

range

Pending devices in range
Device count for devices that are going to connect to the network.

Nearest connected nodes List of devices that are connected to the network. Nearest is on the top of the list.

The signal strength (e.g. -63 dBm) value indicates the connection quality between Produal MyTool® and the device. It's not possible to view the signal strength between the wireless devices using the signal scanner.

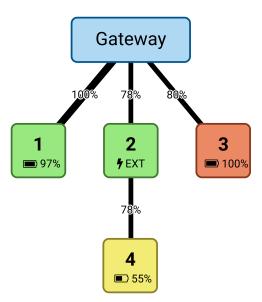
The devices are arranged to the list according to the signal strength starting from the nearest device. The signal strength can be interpreted as follows.

Colour	Text	Value	Description
	Excellent	≥-55 dBm	Excellent signal strength.
	Good	-7556 dBm	Good signal strength.
	Average	-8576 dBm	Average signal strength.
	Poor	-9586 dBm	Poor signal strength.
	Very poor	<-95 dBm	Very poor signal strength.

8.1.1.2 Routing map

The network routing map shows the network structure, signal strengths between devices, battery levels and power consumption. The power consumption is indicated by the device box colour.





Symbol	Symbol description
78%	Signal quality.
2	Transmitter ID.
9 7%	Battery powered device's battery level.
9 EXT	Device with external power supply.
	Device's power consumption is low (< 60 µA). The externally powered devices are always displayed on green background.
	Device's power consumption is average (60120 μA).
	Device's power consumption is high (> 120 μA).

8.1.1.3 Resetting network settings

- 1. Connect Produal MyTool® to the wireless device.
- 2. Press the Reset network settings button.
- **3.** Press the Reset network settings button again to confirm the resetting.
 - Note: Only the network settings are reset and the device other settings remain.
- **4.** Press the OK button on the confirmation dialog. The network settings are now reset.

8.1.1.4 Resetting device settings to factory defaults

- 1. Connect Produal MyTool® to the device.
- 2. Press the Reset to factory settings button.
- **3.** Press the Reset to factory settings button again to confirm the resetting.
 - **Important:** All the device settings are reset to factory defaults. Also the network settings are reset.
- **4.** Press the OK button on the confirmation dialog. The settings are now reset factory defaults.



8.2 Reopening existing wireless project

Important: When enabling the Bluetooth in the base unit, the network communication stops. It can take up to several hours for a big network to resume fully functional condition.

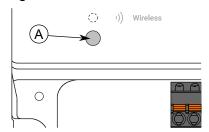
- 1. Start Produal MyTool®.
- 2. Press the Devices button.

The device list shows the devices that has Bluetooth activated.



Note: The Bluetooth is enabled when the supply voltage is connected for the first time

3. If the device is not showing in the list, press the connection button until the *CPU* indicator light flashes to enable the Bluetooth in the device.



A. Connection button

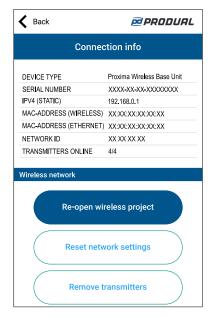
The indicator light should flash once after pressing the button for one second but under two seconds.



Note: Use a small screwdriver or a similar tool to push the button.

- 4. Select the device from the list.
- 5. Press the Connect button.

Wireless indicator light is illuminated continuously when Produal MyTool® is connected to the device.



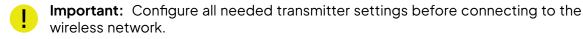
- **6.** Press the Re-open wireless project button. Existing network settings are displayed.
- **7.** Edit the device name if needed.

The device name is also used for the network name.

8. Press the Next button.

- Set the transmitter naming pattern.Use ### to insert transmitter ID to the pattern.
- 10. Press the Next button.
- 11. Review the network configuration and press the REBUILD NETWORK button.
- 12. Select the method to continue.
 - Press OK button to return to main view.
 - Press Add transmitters to project button to add wireless transmitters to network.

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The base unit deactivates the Bluetooth communication and moves to MIRA communication mode. The wireless network is now visible in the *Wireless installation projects* view.



Note: The project is saved in the local device. You can't see the project if you log in to another device.

8.2.1 Removing devices from wireless network

- Reset the network settings in the devices that are going to remove.
 See the chapter Resetting network settings on page 56 for more information.
- 2. Connect Produal MyTool® to WBU.
- 3. Press the Remove Transmitters button.
- 4. Select the devices to be removed from the network.
- 5. Press the REMOVE TRANSMITTERS button.
- 6. Press the OK button.
- **7.** Press the *REMOVE TRANSMITTERS* button. The selected devices are now removed from the network.

8.2.2 Replacing a transmitter in wireless network

If you have to replace a broken transmitter in wireless network, you can just add the new transmitter with the same ID.

- Make sure the broken transmitter is disconnected from power supply.
 If there are two transmitters with the same ID, both transmitters are disconnected from the network.
- 2. Connect the supply voltage to the new transmitter.
- **3.** Start Produal MyTool[®].
- 4. Press the Wireless installation projects button.
- 5. Select the project from the list.
 If the wanted project is not available in the list, you have to reopen the project. See more information from the chapter Reopening existing wireless project on page 57.
- 6. Press the Add devices button.
- 7. Add the transmitter to the network.

 Select the broken transmitter ID for the new transmitter. See more information about adding transmitters to network from the chapter Adding devices to wireless network on page 51.



9 Configuring the wireless transmitters

To configure the device, you first need to connect it to Produal MyTool® application. When the device is connected to application, you can make changes to the configuration.



Important: Configure all needed transmitter settings before connecting to the wireless network.

- 1. Connect the supply voltage to the transmitter.
- 2. Start Produal MyTool®.
- 3. Press the Devices button.

The device list shows the devices that has Bluetooth activated.



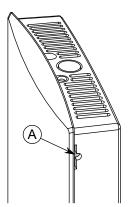
Note: The Bluetooth is enabled when the supply voltage is connected for the first time.

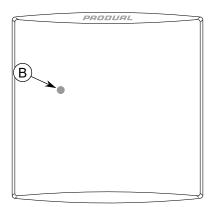
4. If the device is not showing in the list, press the connection button until the green indicator light flashes to enable the Bluetooth in the device.

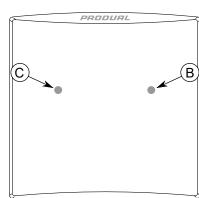


Important: Do not press the connection button within 10 seconds after connecting supply voltage. It takes up to 10 seconds until the transmitter is fully started and functional.

There are two different indicator light configurations available depending on the device hardware version. The button press is indicated with the green indicator light in both hardware versions.







- A. Connection button
- B. Green indicator light
- C. Blue indicator light

The indicator light should flash once after pressing the button for one second but under two seconds.



Note: Use a small screwdriver or a similar tool to push the button.

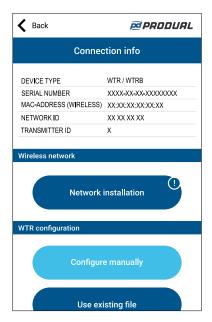
5. Select the device from the list.



6. Press the Connect button.

The indicator light is illuminated continuously when Produal MyTool® is connected to the device.

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7. Press the Configure manually button.



Configurations view has the following menus:

Display and knob Set up display and advanced setpoint knob settings.

settings

Measurement Settings Set up measurement settings.

Measurement Tune the measurement values.

Corrections

rune the measurement values.

Transmit Settings Set up change of value (COV) settings.

See more information about the settings from the following chapters.

- **8.** Make the changes to configuration.
- 9. Press Install to device button to write the changes to the device.



Note: You can also save the settings to Produal MyCloud or locally to your device. Then the settings can be uploaded to another device by using *Use existing file* function.



- 10. Press the Back button.
- 11. Press the Back button again to disconnect from the device.
- 12. Select the disconnecting method.
 - Select Disconnect to disconnect the device without deactivating the device Bluetooth.

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• Select End commissioning to disconnect the device and deactivate the device Bluetooth.



Note: The wireless network communication (MIRA communication) starts only if the Bluetooth is deactivated. However, the device also deactivates the Bluetooth if connection to Produal MyTool® is lost for 30 minutes.

9.1 Configuring display and advanced setpoint knob

- 1. Press the Display and knob settings button in the Configurations view.
- Make the settings.
 See the chapter Available settings for user interface and advanced setpoint knob on page 61 for more details.
- **3.** Press the Confirm changes button to save the changes.
- **4.** Press Install to device button to write the changes to the device.

9.1.1 Available settings for user interface and advanced setpoint knob

Parameter name	Values	Default	Description	
Display settings) 	
Display brightness 010 5 Display brightness level.		evel.		
Display mode	Upper value scrolling, lower value static / Upper value static, lower value scrolling	Upper value scrolling, lower value static	Display scrolling set	tings.
Display static value	Temperature / Relative humidity / Measurement 14 / External measurement 14 / I2C measurement 13 / VOB value 13	Temperature	Static value selectio	n.
Scrolling values to show	Temperature / Relative humidity / Measurement 14 / External measurement 14 / I2C measurement 13 / VOB value 13	Humidity	Scrolling values selection.	
Autoscroll time	130 s	10 s	Scrolling value change interval. Time to show eavalue on display. Affects also to display off dela Display off delay = (number of items in scrolling value selection) * (display scrolling delay).	
Display always on	Enabled / Disabled	Disabled	Display status. Disabled	The button press activates
				the display.
			Enabled	The display is always on.



arameter name Values		Default	Description	
Active knob settings				
Enabled functions in active knob	Temperature setpoint / Temperature deviation setpoint / Fan speed / Extra time / Percentage setpoint / CO2 setpoint	Temperature setpoint	The available setpoints for advanced setpoint knob.	
Active knob temperat	ture settings			
Temperature setpoint range, minimum	-99.999.9 °C	18.0 °C	Temperature setpoint range, minimum limit.	
Temperature setpoint range, maximum	-99.999.9 °C	30.0 °C	Temperature setpoint range, maximum limit.	
Temperature setpoint step size	0.15.0 °C	0.5 °C	Temperature setpoint adjustment step size.	
Temperature deviation setpoint range, minimum	-10.010.0 °C	-3.0 °C	Temperature deviation setpoint range, minimum limit.	
Temperature deviation setpoint range, maximum	-10.010.0 °C	3.0 °C	Temperature deviation setpoint range, maximum limit.	
Temperature deviation setpoint step size	0.15.0 °C	0.5 °C	Temperature deviation setpoint adjustment step size.	
Decimals in temperature values	0 decimal places / 1 decimal place	1 decimal place	Number of decimal places in temperature values.	
Active knob fan spee	d settings		,	
Allowed fan speed modes	Speed 16 / Off / On / Eco / Day / Night	All modes are selected	The available fan speeds.	
Active knob extra tim	e settings		1	
Extra time value unit	Hours / Minutes	Hours	Extra time value unit.	
Maximum extra time value, hours	199 hours	99 hours	Extra time maximum value. The parameter is available if the Extra time value unit value is Hours.	
Maximum extra time value, minutes	199 minutes	99 minutes	Extra time maximum value. The parameter is available if the Extra time value unit value is Minutes.	
Active knob percenta	ge settings	1		
Percentage setpoint step size	1/2/5/10%	1 %	Percentage setpoint adjustment step size.	
Percentage setpoint range, minimum	0.00100.00 %	0.00 %	Percentage setpoint range, minimum limit.	
Percentage setpoint range, maximum	0.00100.00 %	100.00 %	Percentage setpoint range, maximum limit.	



Parameter name	Values	Default	Description
Percentage mode symbol	Lights / Temperature / Cooling / Fan / Heating / Blinds / Humidity	Blinds	Percentage setpoint symbol.
Active knob CO2 sett	ings		,
CO2 setpoint	4002000 ppm	500 ppm	CO ₂ setpoint.
CO2 setpoint step size	5 / 10 / 25 / 50 ppm	25 ppm	CO ₂ setpoint adjustment step size.
CO2 setpoint range, minimum	010000 ppm	400 ppm	CO ₂ setpoint range, minimum limit.
CO2 setpoint range, maximum	010000 ppm	2000 ppm	CO ₂ setpoint range, maximum limit.

9.2 Configuring measurement settings

- 1. Press the Measurement Settings button in the Configurations view.
- Make the settings.See the chapter Available measurement settings on page 63 for more details.
- **3.** Press the Confirm changes button to save the changes.
- 4. Press Install to device button to write the changes to the device.

9.2.1 Available measurement settings

Parameter name	Values	Default	Description
External input 1 type selection	Off / 0-10V / Ohms x10 / NTC10K / Contact	Off	Input 1 type. The parameter is available only if the device is equipped with inputs.
External input 2 type selection	Off / 0-10V / Ohms x10 / NTC10K / Contact	Off	Input 2 type. The parameter is available only if the device is equipped with inputs.
External input 3 type selection	Off / 0-10V / Ohms x10 / NTC10K / Contact	Off	Input 3 type. The parameter is available only if the device is equipped with inputs.
External input 4 type selection	Off / 0-10V / Ohms x10 / NTC10K / Contact	Off	Input 4 type. The parameter is available only if the device is equipped with inputs.
CO2 ABC logic state	Disabled / Enabled	Enabled	Automatic self-calibration of CO_2 measurement. The parameter is available only if the device is equipped with CO_2 measurement.
PIR configuration time unit	Minutes / Seconds	Minutes	Occupancy detection time unit selection. The selection affects to the parameters PIR activation delay and PIR deactivation delay. The parameter is available only if the device is equipped with occupancy detection.
PIR activation delay	Instant / 3 minutes / 6 minutes or Instant / 3 seconds / 6 seconds	Instant	Occupancy activation delay. The parameter is available only if the device is equipped with occupancy detection.



Parameter name	Values	Default	Description	
PIR deactivation delay	5 / 15 / 30 / 60 / 90 / 120 minutes or 5 / 15 / 30 / 60 / 90 / 120 seconds	5 minutes	Occupancy deactivation delay. The parameter is available only if the device is equipped with occupancy detection.	
PIR activated CO2 measurement	Disabled / Enabled	Disabled	${\rm CO_2}$ measurement according to the occupancy information. If the parameter value is <i>Enabled</i> , the ${\rm CO_2}$ measurement is executed only if occupancy is detected. The parameter is available only if the device is equipped with occupancy detection.	
Network based CO2	Disabled / Follow WBU setting	Disabled	CO ₂ measurement	energy saving.
measurement energy saving mode			Disabled	Follows device specific measurement settings.
			Follow WBU setting	Follows global measurement settings.
			The parameter is av equipped with CO ₂	railable only if the device is measurement.
COV selection	No selection / Temperature / Relative humidity / Measurement 14 / External measurement 14 / I2C measurement 13	No selection	Selection of measurement values for COV functio	

9.3 Tuning measurements

- 1. Press the Measurement Corrections button in the Configurations view.
- Make the settings.See the chapter Available tuning values on page 64 for more details.
- **3.** Press the Confirm changes button to save the changes.
- **4.** Press *Install to device* button to write the changes to the device.

9.3.1 Available tuning values

Parameter name	Values	Default	Description
Correction offset, temperature	-50,050,0 °C	0,0 °C	Temperature value tuning.
Correction offset, relative humidity	-50,0050,00 %rH	0,00 %rH	Relative humidity value tuning.
Correction offset, CO2	-200200 ppm	Оррт	CO ₂ value tuning.
Correction offset, passive knob reading	-50005000	0	Setpoint potentiometer value tuning.

9.4 Configuring transmit settings

1. Press the Transmit Settings button in the Configurations view.



2. Make the settings.

See the chapter Available transmit settings on page 65 for more details.

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- **3.** Press the Confirm changes button to save the changes.
- **4.** Press Install to device button to write the changes to the device.

9.4.1 Available transmit settings

Parameter name	Values	Default	Description
Forced transmission interval	Off / 3065535 s	Off	Transmitter specific forced update interval. The transmitter sends the last measured value to base unit at the specified interval.
Transmitter specific activity interval	Off / 565535 s	Off	Transmitter specific update interval. The transmitter reads the measurements at the specified interval.
COV limit, temperature	0,150,0 °C	0,5 °C	COV limit for temperature.
COV limit, relative humidity	0,0150,00 %rH	5,00 %rH	COV limit for humidity.
COV limit, CO2	10500 ppm	100 ppm	COV limit for CO ₂ value.
COV limit, passive knob reading	010000	0	COV limit for setpoint knob.

9.5 Copying configurations between devices

You can copy the settings between devices by using Produal MyCloud or local copies.

- 1. Make the settings to a device.
- 2. Save the settings to Produal MyCloud or local device by pressing Save configuration button in Configurations view.
- 3. Connect Produal MyTool® to another device.
- **4.** Press the Use existing file or Download settings from MyCloud button button to load configuration from local device or from Produal MyCloud. Follow the on-screen instructions to load the configuration.
- **5.** Make changes to the settings if needed.
- **6.** Press Install to device button to write the configuration to the device.

9.6 Transmitters' firmware updates

The transmitter firmware updates can be done locally or by using Firmware Over The Air (FOTA) function.

The FOTA function updates the devices over the wireless network. The FOTA firmware update process can take up from few minutes to several hours depending on the network size. The base unit updates two devices at a time and then moves to the next devices until the whole network is updated to the latest firmware version. The update process starts from the closest transmitter in the network.



Note: The FOTA function requires more power than the regular transmitter functioning. Therefore the FOTA updates should be planned carefully in battery powered network. The transmitter is not updated if the battery level is too low (under 10 %).



Note: The FOTA process doesn't interfere with the wireless network functioning. However, the whole network is restarted after all devices have been updated.

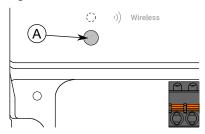


9.6.1 Updating wireless transmitters' firmware using FOTA

- 1. Start Produal MyTool®.
- 2. Press the Devices button.

The device list shows the devices that has Bluetooth activated. Find the base unit from the list.

- **Note:** The Bluetooth is enabled when the supply voltage is connected for the first time.
- **3.** If the device is not showing in the list, press the connection button until the *CPU* indicator light flashes to enable the Bluetooth in the device.



A. Connection button

The indicator light should flash once after pressing the button for one second but under two seconds.

- N I
 - **Note:** Use a small screwdriver or a similar tool to push the button.
- 4. Select the device from the list.
- 5. Press the Connect button.

Wireless indicator light is illuminated continuously when Produal MyTool® is connected to the device.

6. Check that all installed transmitters are online.

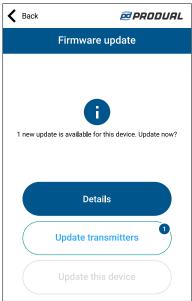


- **Important:** If all transmitters are not online, do not start the update. The offline transmitters doesn't get updated even if they are connect to the network later.
- **Note:** If transmitter's signal strength is poor, the FOTA update process might not complete. In these cases, it's recommended to update the firmware locally.



7. Press the Firmware update button.

You can see the update details by pressing the Details button.



- **8.** Press the *Update transmitters* button. The confirmation view is displayed.
- **9.** Press the *Update transmitters* button to update the firmware in all devices in the network. The new firmware is now transferred to the base unit.
- **10.** Press the *Back* button on the update confirmation view.

The base unit turns off the Bluetooth and starts communicating the transmitters via the wireless network. If you get the following error message, press *Back* button and turn off the Bluetooth manually.



After the update process has started, Produal MyTool® is not needed to complete the update. The base unit updates the transmitters.

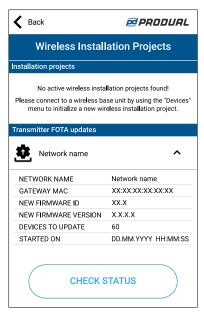
- **Note:** You can monitor the update process via Wireless installation projects view.
- **Note:** The FOTA process doesn't interfere with the wireless network functioning. However, the whole network is restarted after all devices have been updated.
- **Note:** The update process can take up to 48 hours in large networks. If the update process doesn't complete in 72 hours, reboot the base unit.

9.6.1.1 Viewing FOTA update process

- 1. Start Produal MyTool®.
- 2. Press the Wireless projects button.



Select the network name.



Parameter	Description
NETWORK NAME	Name of the network.
GATEWAY MAC	Base unit MAC address.
NEW FIRMWARE ID	The new firmware ID.
NEW FIRMWARE VERSION	The new firmware version.
DEVICES TO UPDATE	Number of devices to be updated.
STARTED ON	Update process starting time.

- 4. Press the CHECK STATUS button to view more detailed information about the update.
- 5. After successful update, press the DISCARD button to remove the project from the list.

9.6.2 Updating wireless transmitter firmware locally

- 1. Start Produal MyTool®.
- 2. Press the Devices button.

The device list shows the devices that has Bluetooth activated.



Note: The Bluetooth is enabled when the supply voltage is connected for the first time.

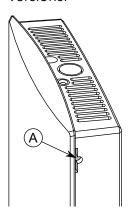


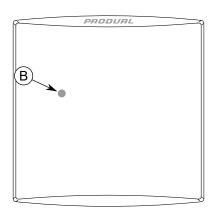
3. If the device is not showing in the list, press the connection button until the green indicator light flashes to enable the Bluetooth in the device.

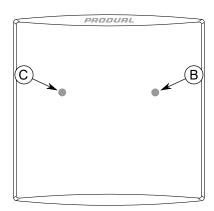


Important: Do not press the connection button within 10 seconds after connecting supply voltage. It takes up to 10 seconds until the transmitter is fully started and functional.

There are two different indicator light configurations available depending on the device hardware version. The button press is indicated with the green indicator light in both hardware versions.







- A. Connection button
- B. Green indicator light
- C. Blue indicator light

The indicator light should flash once after pressing the button for one second but under two seconds.

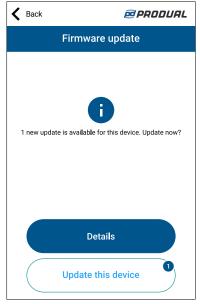


Note: Use a small screwdriver or a similar tool to push the button.

- 4. Select the device from the list.
- 5. Press the Connect button.

The indicator light is illuminated continuously when Produal MyTool® is connected to the device.

6. Press the Firmware update button.



You can see the update details by pressing the Details button.



7. Press the Update this device button to update the firmware.



Important: The update starts immediately when you press the button. Do not interrupt the installation process.

Application downloads the new firmware and transfers it to the device. The device restarts to complete the firmware update.

- **8.** Press the OK button on the confirmation view.
- 9. Press the Back to disconnect from the device.
- **10.** Select the disconnecting method.
 - Select Disconnect to disconnect the device without deactivating the device Bluetooth.
 - Select End commissioning to disconnect the device and deactivate the device Bluetooth.



Note: The wireless network communication (MIRA communication) starts only if the Bluetooth is deactivated. However, the device also deactivates the Bluetooth if connection to Produal MyTool® is lost for 30 minutes.



10 Troubleshooting the network

10.1 Transmitter does not appear in the network

Possible cause	Remedy
Bluetooth is enabled. If the transmitter Bluetooth is enabled, the transmitter can't connect to the network.	If the transmitter is available in the <i>Devices</i> view, the Bluetooth is enabled. Connect to the transmitter and press the <i>End</i> commissioning button in <i>Commission device</i> view. The Bluetooth can be turned off also by pressing the device's connection button.
Battery level is too low in the transmitter.	Check the battery level alarms from base unit Modbus registers.
Transmitter is connecting to the network.	Restart the transmitter by disconnecting and reconnecting the power supply to speed up the connecting process.
If the first connection attempt fails, the transmitter tries to connect again in the following schedule: 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128 min. If the network connection fails after 128 minutes, the transmitter restarts and starts the connecting procedure from the beginning.	
The network has been down earlier.	The network automatic rebuilding may take several hours in big networks. The network builds up starting from the transmitters that are closest to the base unit.

10.2 All transmitters appear to be offline

Possible cause	Remedy
Bluetooth is enabled. If the base unit Bluetooth is enabled, the network is down.	If the base unit is available in the <i>Devices</i> view, the Bluetooth is enabled. Connect to the base unit and press the <i>End commissioning</i> button in <i>Commission device</i> view.
Power failure in the base unit.	Check the base unit power supply. After a power failure in the base unit, the network automatic rebuilding may take several hours in big networks. The network builds up starting from the transmitters that are closest to the base unit.
Device or power failure in the critical point of the network.	Check the transmitters in the critical points of the network. Check that there is more than one transmitter within the base unit coverage area.

10.3 Bluetooth is enabled and the transmitter doesn't appear in Produal MyTool®

Possible cause	Remedy
Android device's Bluetooth communication has problems.	Restart Produal MyTool® and try connecting again. Also, toggling the smartphone's Bluetooth off and on can solve the problem.
	Android operating system requires that the location services are in use in order to use Bluetooth LE. Produal MyTool® uses Bluetooth LE for communication.

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10.4 CO₂ measurement value is not correct

Possible cause	Remedy
CO ₂ sensor measurement is disturbed when mounting the transmitter.	Wait until the automatic calibration function corrects the measurement error. The measurement correction may take up to few weeks depending on the amount of error.

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11 Modbus

11.1 Modbus properties

Protocol RS-485 Modbus RTU

Bus speed 9600*/14400/19200/38400/57600/115200 bit/s

Data bits 8

Parity none*/odd/even

Stop bits 1* / 2
Modbus ID 1*
Unit load 1/4 UL

* factory setting

Protocol Modbus TCP

DHCP Disabled*/Enabled

IP address 192.168.1.1*

Subnet mask 255.255.255.0*

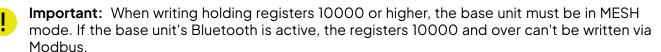
Gateway 192.168.0.1*
Primary DNS 10.10.1.7*
Secondary DNS 10.10.1.6*

Modbus ID 1*
Unit ID 1*

* factory setting

Important: The Modbus TCP/IP polling frequency must be lower than 10 seconds. Otherwise the communication port closes and the communication fails.

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11.2 Modbus function codes

The device supports the following Modbus function codes.

Decimal	Hexadec- imal	Function
1	0x01	Read Coils
2	0x02	Read Discrete Inputs
3	0x03	Read Holding Registers
4	0x04	Read Input Registers
5	0x05	Write Single Coil
6	0x06	Write Single Register
15	0x0F	Write Multiple Coils
16	0x10	Write Multiple Registers



11.3 Modbus registers

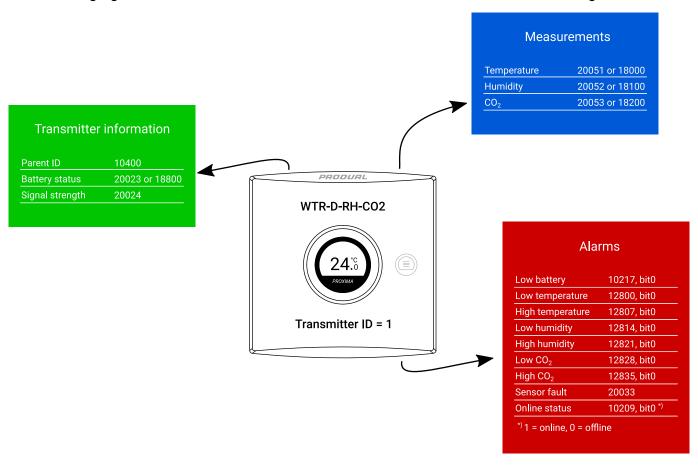
Produal Proxima® WBU uses the whole Modbus register space from 1 to 65535. Holding registers and Input registers are not tied to classic 4xxxx and 3xxxx areas. There are also many registers that has the same register number but the function depends on the register type.

For example, a transmitter with ID1 has an input register for temperature (20051) and holding register for COV limit (20051). The address is the same, but the register usage depends on the used function code.



Important: To use the full register range, it may be necessary to update the settings in some BMS systems. Contact the system vendor for support, if necessary.

The following figure illustrates how the basic data can be read via base unit Modbus registers.



11.3.1 Input registers for base unit

11.3.1.1 Input registers for inputs

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an X in the middle. Replace the X with the input number you are reading.

Input reg-	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
X00	Input power.	S16	010000	0100,00 %
X01	Input voltage.	S16	010000	010000 mV
X02	Resistance input value, high range	S16	030000	0300000 Ω
X03	Resistance input value, low range	S16	020000	02000,0 Ω
X04	Temperature input value.	S16	-5001000	-50,0100,0 °C
X05	Humidity input value.	S16	010000	0100,00 %rH



Input reg-	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
X06	CO ₂ input value.	S16	010000	010000 ppm
X07	Contact input status.	S16	0 - 1	O. Inactive 1. Active
X08	Effective input power.	S16	010000	0100,00 %

11.3.1.2 Input registers for device identification

Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
10001	Hextet 0 for device type.	U16	065535	065535
10002	Hextet 1 for device type.	U16	065535	065535
10003	Hextet 0 for serial number.	U16	065535	065535
10004	Hextet 1 for serial number.	U16	065535	065535
10005	Hextet 0 for MAC address.	U16	065535	065535
10006	Hextet 1 for MAC address.	U16	065535	065535
10007	Hextet 2 for MAC address.	U16	065535	065535

11.3.1.3 Input registers for device status

Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
10200	Number of transmitters paired with the base unit.	U16	0100	0100 pcs
10201	Transmitters installed, ID 116.	U16	bits 015	ID 116
10202	Transmitters installed, ID 1732.	U16	bits 015	ID 1732
10203	Transmitters installed, ID 3348.	U16	bits 015	ID 3348
10204	Transmitters installed, ID 4964.	U16	bits 015	ID 4964
10205	Transmitters installed, ID 6580.	U16	bits 015	ID 6580
10206	Transmitters installed, ID 8196.	U16	bits 015	ID 8196
10207	Transmitters installed, ID 97100.	U16	bits 03	ID 97100
10208	Number of transmitters that are online in the network.	U16	0100	0100 pcs
10209	Transmitters online, ID 116.	U16	bits 015	ID 116
10210	Transmitters online, ID 1732.	U16	bits 015	ID 1732
10211	Transmitters online, ID 3348.	U16	bits 015	ID 3348
10212	Transmitters online, ID 4964.	U16	bits 015	ID 4964
10213	Transmitters online, ID 6580.	U16	bits 015	ID 6580
10214	Transmitters online, ID 8196.	U16	bits 015	ID 8196
10215	Transmitters online, ID 97100.	U16	bits 03	ID 97100
10216	Number of transmitters that are indicating low battery alarm.	U16	0100	0100 pcs
10217	Transmitters that are indicating low battery alarm, ID 116.	U16	bits 015	ID 116



Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
10218	Transmitters that are indicating low battery alarm, ID 1732.	U16	bits 015	ID 1732
10219	Transmitters that are indicating low battery alarm, ID 3348.	U16	bits 015	ID 3348
10220	Transmitters that are indicating low battery alarm, ID 4964.	U16	bits 015	ID 4964
10221	Transmitters that are indicating low battery alarm, ID 6580.	U16	bits 015	ID 6580
10222	Transmitters that are indicating low battery alarm, ID 8196.	U16	bits 015	ID 8196
10223	Transmitters that are indicating low battery alarm, ID 97100.	U16	bits 03	ID 97100
10224	Number of transmitters that are indicating battery overload notification.	U16	0100	0100 pcs
10225	Transmitters that are indicating battery overload notification, ID 116.	U16	bits 015	ID 116
10226	Transmitters that are indicating battery overload notification, ID 1732.	U16	bits 015	ID 1732
10227	Transmitters that are indicating battery overload notification, ID 3348.	U16	bits 015	ID 3348
10228	Transmitters that are indicating battery overload notification, ID 4964.	U16	bits 015	ID 4964
10229	Transmitters that are indicating battery overload notification, ID 6580.	U16	bits 015	ID 6580
10230	Transmitters that are indicating battery overload notification, ID 8196.	U16	bits 015	ID 8196
10231	Transmitters that are indicating battery overload notification, ID 97100.	U16	bits 03	ID 97100

11.3.1.4 Input registers for the last seen times

Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
10300	Time that has elapsed since the transmitter has been last seen on network, ID 1.	U16	065535	O65535 s
10301	Time that has elapsed since the transmitter has been last seen on network, ID 2.	U16	065535	O65535 s
10399	Time that has elapsed since the transmitter has been last seen on network, ID 100.	U16	065535	065535 s



11.3.1.5 Input registers for network topology

Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
10400	Parent device ID for the device with ID 1.	U16	0100 / 255	0 = base unit, ID 1100, 255 = transmitter is not connected to network
10401	Parent device ID for the device with ID 2.	U16	0100 / 255	0 = base unit, ID 1100, 255 = transmitter is not connected to network
10499	Parent device ID for the device with ID 100.	U16	0100 / 255	0 = base unit, ID 1100, 255 = transmitter is not connected to network

11.3.1.6 Input registers for extreme measurement values

Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
12000	Lowest measured temperature value.	S16	-10001000	-100,0100,0 °C
12001	Device ID for the lowest measured temperature value.	U16	1100	ID 1100
12002	Register of the lowest measured temperature value.	U16	3748	3748
12003	Highest measured temperature value.	S16	-10001000	-100,0100,0 °C
12004	Device ID for the highest measured temperature value.	U16	1100	ID 1100
12005	Register of the highest measured temperature value.	U16	3748	3748
12006	Lowest measured humidity value.	U16	010000	0100,00 %rH
12007	Device ID for the lowest measured humidity value.	U16	1100	ID 1100
12008	Register of the lowest measured humidity value.	U16	3748	3748
12009	Highest measured humidity value.	U16	010000	0100,00 %rH
12010	Device ID for the highest measured humidity value.	U16	1100	ID 1100
12011	Register of the highest measured humidity value.	U16	3748	3748
12012	Lowest measured CO ₂ value.	U16	010000	010000 ppm
12013	Device ID for the lowest measured CO ₂ value.	U16	1100	ID 1100
12014	Register of the lowest measured CO ₂ value.	U16	3748	3748
12015	Highest measured CO ₂ value.	U16	010000	010000 ppm
12016	Device ID for the highest measured CO ₂ value.	U16	1100	ID 1100
12017	Register of the highest measured CO ₂ value.	U16	3748	3748



11.3.1.7 Input registers for measurement groups

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an X in the middle. Replace the X with the measurement group number (1...5) you are reading.



Note: The values that are marked with "-" depend on the transmitters' properties.

Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
12X00	Lowest measured value in group.	_	-	-
12X01	Device ID for the lowest measured value in group.	U16	1100	ID 1100
12XO2	Register of the lowest measured value in group.	U16	3748	3748
12XO3	Highest measured value in group.	-	-	-
12XO4	Device ID for the highest measured value in group.	U16	1100	ID 1100
12X05	Register of the highest measured value in group.	U16	3748	3748
12X06	Average value of the measurements in the group. Values that exceed the validation limits and values from the offline devices are excluded from the calculation.	-	-	-

11.3.1.8 Input registers for measurement stability

Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
12600	Temperature stability on transmitter with ID1.	U16	0100	0100 %
12601	Temperature stability on transmitter with ID2.	U16	0100	0100 %
12699	Temperature stability on transmitter with ID100.	U16	0100	0100 %

11.3.1.9 Input registers for measurement alarms

Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
12800	Low temperature alarm, ID 116.	U16	bits 015	ID 116
12801	Low temperature alarm, ID 1732.	U16	bits 015	ID 1732
12802	Low temperature alarm, ID 3348.	U16	bits 015	ID 3348
12803	Low temperature alarm, ID 4964.	U16	bits 015	ID 4964
12804	Low temperature alarm, ID 6580.	U16	bits 015	ID 6580
12805	Low temperature alarm, ID 8196.	U16	bits 015	ID 8196
12806	Low temperature alarm, ID 97100.	U16	bits 03	ID 97100
12807	High temperature alarm, ID 116.	U16	bits 015	ID 116
12808	High temperature alarm, ID 1732.	U16	bits 015	ID 1732
12809	High temperature alarm, ID 3348.	U16	bits 015	ID 3348
12810	High temperature alarm, ID 4964.	U16	bits 015	ID 4964



Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
12811	High temperature alarm, ID 6580.	U16	bits 015	ID 6580
12812	High temperature alarm, ID 8196.	U16	bits 015	ID 8196
12813	High temperature alarm, ID 97100.	U16	bits 03	ID 97100
12814	Low humidity alarm, ID 116.	U16	bits 015	ID 116
12815	Low humidity alarm, ID 1732.	U16	bits 015	ID 1732
12816	Low humidity alarm, ID 3348.	U16	bits 015	ID 3348
12817	Low humidity alarm, ID 4964.	U16	bits 015	ID 4964
12818	Low humidity alarm, ID 6580.	U16	bits 015	ID 6580
12819	Low humidity alarm, ID 8196.	U16	bits 015	ID 8196
12820	Low humidity alarm, ID 97100.	U16	bits 03	ID 97100
12821	High humidity alarm, ID 116.	U16	bits 015	ID 116
12822	High humidity alarm, ID 1732.	U16	bits 015	ID 1732
12823	High humidity alarm, ID 3348.	U16	bits 015	ID 3348
12824	High humidity alarm, ID 4964.	U16	bits 015	ID 4964
12825	High humidity alarm, ID 6580.	U16	bits 015	ID 6580
12826	High humidity alarm, ID 8196.	U16	bits 015	ID 8196
12827	High humidity alarm, ID 97100.	U16	bits 03	ID 97100
12828	Low CO ₂ alarm, ID 116.	U16	bits 015	ID 116
12829	Low CO ₂ alarm, ID 1732.	U16	bits 015	ID 1732
12830	Low CO ₂ alarm, ID 3348.	U16	bits 015	ID 3348
12831	Low CO ₂ alarm, ID 4964.	U16	bits 015	ID 4964
12832	Low CO ₂ alarm, ID 6580.	U16	bits 015	ID 6580
12833	Low CO ₂ alarm, ID 8196.	U16	bits 015	ID 8196
12834	Low CO ₂ alarm, ID 97100.	U16	bits 03	ID 97100
12835	High CO ₂ alarm, ID 116.	U16	bits 015	ID 116
12836	High CO ₂ alarm, ID 1732.	U16	bits 015	ID 1732
12837	High CO ₂ alarm, ID 3348.	U16	bits 015	ID 3348
12838	High CO ₂ alarm, ID 4964.	U16	bits 015	ID 4964
12839	High CO ₂ alarm, ID 6580.	U16	bits 015	ID 6580
12840	High CO ₂ alarm, ID 8196.	U16	bits 015	ID 8196
12841	High CO ₂ alarm, ID 97100.	U16	bits 03	ID 97100

11.3.1.10 Input registers for dew point data availability

Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
12842	High dew point data available, ID 116.	U16	bits 015	ID 116
12843	High dew point data available, ID 1732.	U16	bits 015	ID 1732
12844	High dew point data available, ID 3348.	U16	bits 015	ID 3348
12845	High dew point data available, ID 4964.	U16	bits 015	ID 4964



Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
12846	High dew point data available, ID 6580.	U16	bits 015	ID 6580
12847	High dew point data available, ID 8196.	U16	bits 015	ID 8196
12848	High dew point data available, ID 97100.	U16	bits 03	ID 97100

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11.3.1.11 Input registers for dew point alarms

Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
12849	Dew point alarm active, ID 116. External temperature measurement, input 1.	U16	bits 015	ID 116
12850	Dew point alarm active, ID 1732. External temperature measurement, input 1.	U16	bits 015	ID 1732
12851	Dew point alarm active, ID 3348. External temperature measurement, input 1.	U16	bits 015	ID 3348
12852	Dew point alarm active, ID 4964. External temperature measurement, input 1.	U16	bits 015	ID 4964
12853	Dew point alarm active, ID 6580. External temperature measurement, input 1.	U16	bits 015	ID 6580
12854	Dew point alarm active, ID 8196. External temperature measurement, input 1.	U16	bits 015	ID 8196
12855	Dew point alarm active, ID 97100. External temperature measurement, input 1.	U16	bits 03	ID 97100
12856	Dew point alarm active, ID 116. External temperature measurement, input 2.	U16	bits 015	ID 116
12857	Dew point alarm active, ID 1732. External temperature measurement, input 2.	U16	bits 015	ID 1732
12858	Dew point alarm active, ID 3348. External temperature measurement, input 2.	U16	bits 015	ID 3348
12859	Dew point alarm active, ID 4964. External temperature measurement, input 2.	U16	bits 015	ID 4964
12860	Dew point alarm active, ID 6580. External temperature measurement, input 2.	U16	bits 015	ID 6580
12861	Dew point alarm active, ID 8196. External temperature measurement, input 2.	U16	bits 015	ID 8196
12862	Dew point alarm active, ID 97100. External temperature measurement, input 2.	U16	bits 03	ID 97100
12863	Dew point alarm active, ID 116. External temperature measurement, input 3.	U16	bits 015	ID 116
12864	Dew point alarm active, ID 1732. External temperature measurement, input 3.	U16	bits 015	ID 1732
12865	Dew point alarm active, ID 3348. External temperature measurement, input 3.	U16	bits 015	ID 3348
12866	Dew point alarm active, ID 4964. External temperature measurement, input 3.	U16	bits 015	ID 4964
12867	Dew point alarm active, ID 6580. External temperature measurement, input 3.	U16	bits 015	ID 6580
12868	Dew point alarm active, ID 8196. External temperature measurement, input 3.	U16	bits 015	ID 8196

Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
12869	Dew point alarm active, ID 97100. External temperature measurement, input 3.	U16	bits 03	ID 97100
12870	Dew point alarm active, ID 116. External temperature measurement, input 4.	U16	bits 015	ID 116
12871	Dew point alarm active, ID 1732. External temperature measurement, input 4.	U16	bits 015	ID 1732
12872	Dew point alarm active, ID 3348. External temperature measurement, input 4.	U16	bits 015	ID 3348
12873	Dew point alarm active, ID 4964. External temperature measurement, input 4.	U16	bits 015	ID 4964
12874	Dew point alarm active, ID 6580. External temperature measurement, input 4.	U16	bits 015	ID 6580
12875	Dew point alarm active, ID 8196. External temperature measurement, input 4.	U16	bits 015	ID 8196
12876	Dew point alarm active, ID 97100. External temperature measurement, input 4.	U16	bits 03	ID 97100
12900	Dew point, ID 1. If data is not available, the value is 0.	S16	-10001000	-100,0100,0 °C
12901	Dew point, ID 2. If data is not available, the value is 0.	S16	-10001000	-100,0100,0 °C
12999	Dew point, ID 100. If data is not available, the value is 0.	S16	-10001000	-100,0100,0 °C

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11.3.1.12 Input registers for wireless inputs

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an X in the middle. Replace the X with the input you are reading.

Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
14X00	Wireless input power.	U16	010000	0100,00 %
14X01	Wireless input contact status.	U16	0 - 1	0. Off 1. On

11.3.1.13 Input registers for register grouping

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an X in the middle. Replace the X with the register group (0...9) you are reading.

The grouped registers are defined in the holding registers 18000...18009.



Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
18X00	Grouped register from transmitter ID 1.	_	_	-
18X99	Grouped register from transmitter ID 100.	-	-	-



11.3.2 Input registers for wireless transmitters

11.3.2.1 Input registers for wireless transmitter device identification

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an XX in the middle. Replace the XX with the transmitter ID - 1 value. For example, a transmitter with the ID 6: XX = 05.

Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
2XX01	Hextet 0 for device type.	U16	065535	065535
2XX02	Hextet 1 for device type.	U16	065535	065535
2XX03	Hextet 0 for serial number.	U16	065535	065535
2XX04	Hextet 1 for serial number.	U16	065535	065535
2XX05	Hextet 0 for MAC address.	U16	065535	065535
2XX06	Hextet 1 for MAC address.	U16	065535	065535
2XX07	Hextet 2 for MAC address.	U16	065535	065535

11.3.2.2 Input registers for transmitter status

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an XX in the middle. Replace the XX with the transmitter ID - 1 value. For example, a transmitter with the ID 6: XX = 05.

Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
2XX22	Timer function. The time left in the timer.	U16	065535	065535 s
2XX23	Battery status.	U16	0100, 255	0100 %, 255 = the device is not battery powered
2XX24	Signal strength.	U16	0100	0100 %. Amount of successful messages.
2XX25	Routing mode.	Bit	0 - 1	O. Routing node 1. Leaf node
2XX26	Hextet 0 for uptime.	U16	065535	065535 s
2XX27	Hextet 1 for uptime.	U16	065535	065535 s
2XX28	Available measurements in EXT1.	Bit	bits 06	O. Voltage 1. Current 2. Resistance, high 3. Resistance, low 4. NTC 10K 5. PT 1000 6. Contact
2XX29	Available measurements in EXT2.	Bit	bits 06	O. Voltage 1. Current 2. Resistance, high 3. Resistance, low 4. NTC 10K 5. PT 1000 6. Contact



Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
2XX30	Available measurements in EXT3.	Bit	bits 06	O. Voltage 1. Current 2. Resistance, high 3. Resistance, low 4. NTC 10K 5. PT 1000 6. Contact
2XX31	Available measurements in EXT4.	Bit	bits 06	O. Voltage 1. Current 2. Resistance, high 3. Resistance, low 4. NTC 10K 5. PT 1000 6. Contact
2XX32	Number of supported I2C sensors.	U16	0255	0255
2XX33	Sensor fault alarms.	Bit	bits 015	 Temperature Humidity Additional measurement 1 (CO₂) Additional measurement 2 Additional measurement 3 Additional measurement 4 External input 1 External input 2 External input 3 External input 4 I2C value 1 I2C value 2 I2C value 3 Connection error in I2C value 1 Connection error in I2C value 2 Connection error in I2C value 3 Connection error in I2C value 3
2XX34	Not in use.	-		0
2XX35	Configuration compatibility number.	U16	065535	065535

11.3.2.3 Input registers for transmitter value types

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an XX in the middle. Replace the XX with the transmitter ID - 1 value. For example, a transmitter with the ID 6: XX = 05.





Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
2XX36	Value type for transmitter specific measurement 1.	-	-	-
2XX37	Value type for transmitter specific measurement 2.	-	-	-
2XX38	Value type for transmitter specific measurement 3.	-	-	-
2XX39	Value type for transmitter specific measurement 4.	-	-	-
2XX40	Value type for external input 1.	-	-	-
2XX41	Value type for external input 2.	-	-	-
2XX42	Value type for external input 3.	-	-	-
2XX43	Value type for external input 4.	-	-	-
2XX44	Value type for I2C sensor 1 value 1.	_	-	-
2XX45	Value type for I2C sensor 1 value 2.	_	-	-
2XX46	Value type for I2C sensor 2 value 1.	_	-	-
2XX47	Value type for output 1.	_	-	-
2XX48	Value type for output 2.	-	-	-
2XX49	Value type for output 3.	-	-	-
2XX50	Value type for output 4.	-	-	-

11.3.2.4 Input registers for transmitters' measurements

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an XX in the middle. Replace the XX with the transmitter ID - 1 value. For example, a transmitter with the ID 6: XX = 05.



Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
2XX51	Temperature value.	S16	-10001000	-100,0100,0 °C
2XX52	Humidity value.	U16	010000	0100,00 %rH
2XX53	Value of additional measurement 1 (CO ₂).	U16	010000	010000 ppm
2XX54	Value of additional measurement 2.	-	-	-
2XX55	Value of additional measurement 3.	-	-	-
2XX56	Value of additional measurement 4.	-	-	-
2XX57	Value of external input 1.	-	-	-
2XX58	Value of external input 2.	-	-	-
2XX59	Value of external input 3.	-	-	-
2XX60	Value of external input 4.	-	-	-
2XX61	Value of I2C sensor 1 value 1.	-	-	-
2XX62	Value of I2C sensor 1 value 2.	-	-	-
2XX63	Value of I2C sensor 2 value 1.	-	-	-



11.3.2.5 Input registers for battery status

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an XX in the middle. Replace the XX with the transmitter ID - 1 value. For example, a transmitter with the ID 6: XX = 05.

Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
2XX68	Estimated battery life.	U16	065535	065535 days
2XX69	Average current consumption.	U16	065535	Ο65535 μΑ

11.3.3 Holding registers for base unit

11.3.3.1 Holding registers for communication

Note: The control unit must be restarted to complete the communication settings change. The registers that are marked with *, doesn't require restarting.

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
0	IP address 1/2 (IPv4). XXX.XXX.XXX	U16	065535	(0255).(0255)	49320
1	IP address 2/2 (IPv4). XXX.XXX. XXX.XXX	U16	065535	(0255).(0255)	257
2	Subnet mask 1/2 (IPv4). XXX.XXX.XXX	U16	065535	(0255).(0255)	65535
3	Subnet mask 2/2 (IPv4). XXX.XXX. XXX.XXX	U16	065535	(0255).(0255)	65280
4	Gateway 1/2 (IPv4). XXX.XXX.XXX	U16	065535	(0255).(0255)	49320
5	Gateway 2/2 (IPv4). XXX.XXX. XXX.XXX	U16	065535	(0255).(0255)	257
6	1st DNS 1/2 (IPv4). XXX.XXX.XXX	U16	065535	(0255).(0255)	2570
7	1st DNS 2/2 (IPv4). XXX.XXX. XXX .XXX	U16	065535	(0255).(0255)	263
8	2nd DNS 1/2 (IPv4). XXX.XXX.XXX	U16	065535	(0255).(0255)	2570
9	2nd DNS 2/2 (IPv4). XXX.XXX. XXX.XXX	U16	065535	(0255).(0255)	262
10	DHCP status.	U16	O - 1	O. DHCP disabled 1. DHCP enabled	0
11	Not in use.	U16	-	-	1
12	Modbus address (RS-485).	U16	0255	0255	1
13	Modbus speed (RS-485).	U16	0 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5	0. 9600 bps 1. 14400 bps 2. 19200 bps 3. 38400 bps 4. 57600 bps 5. 115200 bps	0



Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
14	Modbus parity (RS-485).	U16	0 - 1 - 2	O. None 1. Odd 2. Even	0
15	Modbus stop bits (RS-485).	U16	0 - 1	O. 1 stop bit 1. 2 stop bits	0
16	Not used.	U16	-	-	1
17	Room unit bus speed (RS-485).	U16	0-1-2-3-4	0. 9600 bps 1. 14400 bps 2. 19200 bps 3. 38400 bps 4. 57600 bps 5. 115200 bps	0
18	Room unit bus parity (RS-485).	U16	0 - 1 - 2	O. None 1. Odd 2. Even	0
19	Room unit bus stop bits (RS-485).	U16	0 - 1	O. 1 stop bit 1. 2 stop bits	0
20	*Bluetooth status.	U16	0 - 1	O. Bluetooth disabled I. Bluetooth enabled	0
35	Modbus TCP unit identifier.	U16	0255	0255	1

11.3.3.2 Holding registers for general settings



Important: When writing holding registers 10000 or higher, the base unit must be in MESH mode. If the base unit's Bluetooth is active, the registers 10000 and over can't be written via Modbus.

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
10900	Transmitter offline alarm time. If a transmitter is not seen during this time, offline alarm is activated for that transmitter.	U16	0 / 360065535	0 = alarm off, 18065535 s	7200
10901	Battery low alarm limit. If transmitter's battery level drops below this level, low battery alarm is activated for that transmitter.	U16	199	199 %	11
10902	Poll frequency for transmitters. Base unit polls transmitters with this interval.	U16	6065535	6065535 s	900
10903	Global setting for transmitters' measurement frequency.	U16	3065535	3065535 s	120
10904	Battery overload notification limit.	U16	065535	Ο65535 μΑ	70



Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
10905	Functionality selection.	Bit	bits 03	 O. Enable base unit beacon message sending 1. Enable global CO₂ 2. Disable indicator lights globally 3. Clear offline WTR input registers 	0
10906	WTR display language	U16	0 - 1	Finnish English	2

11.3.3.3 Holding registers for inputs

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an X in the middle. Replace the X with the input number you are adjusting.

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
X00	Input type.	S16	0 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5 - 6 - 7	 Not used 010 Vdc N/A N/A NTC 10 Pt1000 Resistive / Digital input 	0
X01	Input overdrive status.	S16	0 - 1	O. Disabled 1. Enabled	0
X02	Input overdrive value.	S16	010000	0100,00 %	0
X03	Input voltage @ 0 %.	S16	010000	010,000 V	0
X04	Input voltage @ 100 %.	S16	010000	010,000 V	10000
X05	Input temperature at 0 %.	S16	-5001000	-50,0100,0 °C	-500
X06	Input temperature at 100 %.	S16	-5001000	-50,0100,0 °C	500
X07	Input temperature offset.	S16	-10001000	-100,0100,0 °C	0
X08	Input humidity at 0 %.	S16	010000	0100,00 %rH	0
X09	Input humidity at 100 %.	S16	010000	0100,00 %rH	10000
X10	Input humidity offset.	S16	-50005000	-50,0050,00 %rH	0
X11	Input CO ₂ at 0 %.	S16	010000	010000 ppm	0
X12	Input CO ₂ at 100 %.	S16	010000	010000 ppm	2000
X13	Input CO ₂ offset	S16	-200200	-200200 ppm	0
X14	Contact on level.	S16	010000	0100,00 %	0
X15	Contact off level.	S16	010000	0100,00 %	0
X16	Contact on level.	S16	030000	0300000 Ω	0
X17	Contact off level.	S16	030000	0300000 Ω	0



Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
X18	Contact hold on time (seconds).	S16	059	059 s	0
X19	Contact hold on time (minutes).	S16	059	059 min	0
X20	Contact hold on time (hours).	S16	060	060 h	0
X21	Contact hold off time (seconds).	S16	059	059 s	0
X22	Contact hold off time (minutes).	S16	059	059 min	0
X23	Contact hold off time (hours).	S16	060	060 h	0
X24	Efficient control range min	S16	010000	0100,00 %	0
X25	Efficient control range max	S16	010000	0100,00 %	10000
X26	COV limit for voltage.	S16	15000	0,0015,000 V	100
X27	COV limit for temperature.	S16	1500	0,150,0 °C	5
X28	COV limit for humidity.	S16	15000	0,0150,00 %	500
X29	COV limit for CO ₂ .	S16	11000	01000 ppm	50
X30	COV limit for resistance, high.	U16	115000	10150000 Ω	50
X31	COV limit for resistance, low.	S16	11000	0,1100,0 Ω	100
X32	Resistance high, minimum.	U16	030000	0300000 Ω	0
X33	Resistance high, maximum.	U16	030000	0300000 Ω	1000
X34	Resistance high, offset.	S16	-1000010000	-100000100000 Ω	0
X35	Input reaction time.	S16	0 - 1	O. Normal 1. Fast	0

11.3.3.4 Holding registers for outputs

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an X in the middle. Replace the X with the output number you are adjusting.

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
1X00	Output type.	S16	O - 1	O. Not in use 1. Analogue voltage	0
Registers	1X011X12 are not in use.	'			1
1X13	Enable direct output override.	S16	0 - 1	Override disabled Override enabled	0
1X14	Direct override value.	S16	010000	0100.00 %	0
Registers	1X151X23 are not in use.	'			
1X24	Output voltage at 0 %.	S16	010000	010.000 V	0
1X25	Output voltage at 100 %.	S16	010000	010.000 V	10000
Registers	1X261X45 are not in use.	1	1		1



Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
1X46	Output source type.	S16	0 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5 - 6 - 7 - 8 - 9 - 10 - 11 - 12	O. BMS 1. Input 1 2. Input 2 3. Input 3 4. Input 4 5. Input 5 6. Input 6 7. Wireless input 1 8. Wireless input 2 9. Wireless input 3 10. Wireless input 4 11. Wireless input 5 12. Wireless input 6	0
1X47	Output overdrive input.	S16	0 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5 - 6 - 7 - 8 - 9 - 10 - 11 - 12	O. Not in use 1. Input 1 2. Input 2 3. Input 3 4. Input 4 5. Input 5 6. Input 6 7. Wireless input 1 8. Wireless input 2 9. Wireless input 3 10. Wireless input 4 11. Wireless input 5 12. Wireless input 6	0

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11.3.3.5 Holding registers for global measurement COV values

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
10940	Global COV value for temperature.	U16	01000	0 = disabled, 0,1100,0 °C	0
10941	Global COV value for humidity.	U16	05000	0 = disabled, 0,0150,00 %rH	0
10942	Global COV value for CO ₂ .	S16	05000	0 = disabled, 15000 ppm	0
10943	Global COV value for voltage.	S16	05000	0 = disabled, 0,0015,000 V	0
10944	Global COV value for current.	S16	010000	0 = disabled, 0,00110,000 mA	0
10945	Global COV value for resistance (low).	S16	010000	0 = disabled, 0,11000,0 Ω	0
10946	Global COV value for resistance (high).	S16	015000	0 = disabled, 10150000 Ω	0

11.3.3.6 Holding registers for common value over bus 1 configuration

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Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
10910	Common value sending for all transmitters over the bus 1. If disabled, the transmitter specific VOB settings are used.	U16	0 - 1	O. Enabled 1. Disabled	0
10911	Value type over the bus 1.	U16	0 - 1 - 2 12	See the list of available values from the chapter Available value over bus (VOB) value types on page 93.	0
10912	Value to send over the bus 1.	S16	-	-	0

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11.3.3.7 Holding registers for common value over bus 2 configuration



Note: The values that are marked with "-" depend on the transmitters' properties.

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
10913	Common value sending for all transmitters over the bus 2. If disabled, the transmitter specific VOB settings are used.	U16	0 - 1	O. Enabled 1. Disabled	0
10914	Value type over the bus 2.	U16	0 - 1 - 2 12	See the list of available values from the chapter Available value over bus (VOB) value types on page 93.	0
10915	Value to send over the bus 2.	S16	-	-	0

11.3.3.8 Holding registers for common value over bus 3 configuration



Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
10916	Common value sending for all transmitters over the bus 3. If disabled, the transmitter specific VOB settings are used.	U16	O - 1	O. Enabled 1. Disabled	0
10917	Value type over the bus 3.	U16	0 - 1 - 2 12	See the list of available values from the chapter Available value over bus (VOB) value types on page 93.	0
10918	Value to send over the bus 3.	S16	-	-	0



11.3.3.9 Holding registers for common value over bus value scaling

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
10919	Scaling factor for common value over bus 1.	U16	0 - 1 - 2 8	0. 1 1. 0.0001 2. 0.001 3. 0.01 4. 0.1 5. 10 6. 100 7. 1000 8. 10000	O
10920	Scaling factor for common value over bus 2.	U16	0 - 1 - 2 8	0. 1 1. 0.0001 2. 0.001 3. 0.01 4. 0.1 5. 10 6. 100 7. 1000 8. 10000	0
10921	Scaling factor for common value over bus 3.	U16	0 - 1 - 2 8	0. 1 1. 0.0001 2. 0.001 3. 0.01 4. 0.1 5. 10 6. 100 7. 1000 8. 10000	O

11.3.3.10 Holding registers for transmitter specific value over bus 1 configuration



Note: The transmitter specific value type must be the same for all transmitters.

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
11300	Transmitter value type, ID 1.	U16	0 - 1 - 2 12	See the list of available values from the chapter Available value over bus (VOB) value types on page 93.	0
11301	Transmitter value type, ID 2.	U16	0 - 1 - 2 12	See the list of available values from the chapter Available value over bus (VOB) value types on page 93.	0

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
11399	Transmitter value type, ID 100.	U16	0 - 1 - 2 12	See the list of available values from the chapter Available value over bus (VOB) value types on page	0

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11.3.3.11 Holding registers for transmitter specific value over bus 2 configuration



Note: The transmitter specific value type must be the same for all transmitters.

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
11400	Transmitter value type, ID 1.	U16	0 - 1 - 2 12	See the list of available values from the chapter Available value over bus (VOB) value types on page 93.	0
11401	Transmitter value type, ID 2.	U16	0 - 1 - 2 12	See the list of available values from the chapter Available value over bus (VOB) value types on page 93.	0
•••					
11499	Transmitter value type, ID 100.	U16	0 - 1 - 2 12	See the list of available values from the chapter Available value over bus (VOB) value types on page 93.	0

11.3.3.12 Holding registers for transmitter specific value over bus 1

The available values depend on the settings made in the chapter Holding registers for transmitter specific value over bus 1 configuration on page 91.

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
11600	Transmitter value to send over bus 1, ID 1.	S16	-	-	0
11601	Transmitter value to send over bus 1, ID 2.	S16	-	-	0
11699	Transmitter value to send over bus 1, ID 100.	S16	-	-	0

11.3.3.13 Holding registers for transmitter specific value over bus 2

The available values depend on the settings made in the chapter Holding registers for transmitter specific value over bus 2 configuration on page 92.



Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
11700	Transmitter value to send over bus 2, ID 1.	S16	-	-	0
11701	Transmitter value to send over bus 2, ID 2.	S16	-	-	0
11799	Transmitter value to send over bus 2, ID 100.	S16	-	-	0

11.3.3.14 Available value over bus (VOB) value types

Register value	Value description	Data type	Values	Range
0	VOB is not in use.	-	-	-
1	Temperature	S16	-10001000	-100,0100,0 °C
2	Humidity	S16	010000	0100,00 %rH
3	CO ₂	S16	010000	010000 ppm
8	Hot water consumption (Finnish)	S16	030000	030000 m ³ LV
9	Cold water consumption (Finnish)	S16	030000	030000 m ³ KV
11	Indoor temperature	S16	-10001000	-100,0100,0 °C C _{IN}
12	Outdoor temperature	S16	-10001000	-100,0100,0 °C C _{OUT}
13	Binary value.	S16	0 - 1	0/1
14	Hot water consumption (Finnish).	S16	065535	LV 0.06553.5 m ³
14	Hot water consumption (English).	S16	065535	HW 0.06553.5 m ³
15	Hot water consumption per day (Finnish).	S16	065535	LV 0.06553.5 m ³ / day
15	Hot water consumption per day (English).	S16	065535	HW 0.06553.5 m ³ / day
16	Hot water consumption per week (Finnish).	S16	065535	LV 0.06553.5 m ³ / week
16	Hot water consumption per week (English).	S16	065535	HW 0.06553.5 m ³ / week
17	Hot water consumption per month (Finnish).	S16	065535	LV 0.06553.5 m ³ / month
17	Hot water consumption per month (English).	S16	065535	HW 0.06553.5 m ³ / month
18	Cold water consumption (Finnish).	S16	065535	KV 0.06553.5 m ³
18	Cold water consumption (English).	S16	065535	CW 0.06553.5 m ³
19	Cold water consumption per day (Finnish).	S16	065535	KV 0.06553.5 m ³ /day
19	Cold water consumption per day (English).	S16	065535	CW 0.06553.5 m ³ / day



Register value	Value description	Data type	Values	Range
20	Cold water consumption per week (Finnish).	S16	065535	KV 0.06553.5 m ³ / week
20	Cold water consumption per week (English).	S16	065535	CW 0.06553.5 m ³ / week
21	Cold water consumption per month (Finnish).	S16	065535	KV 0.06553.5 m ³ / month
21	Cold water consumption per month (English).	S16	065535	CW 0.06553.5 m ³ / month
30	Energy consumption.	S16	065535	0.06553.5 kWh
31	Energy consumption per hour.	S16	065535	0.06553.5 kWh/ hour
32	Energy consumption per day.	S16	065535	0.06553.5 kWh/ day
33	Energy consumption per week.	S16	065535	0.06553.5 kWh/ week
34	Energy consumption per month.	S16	065535	0.06553.5 kWh/ month
35	Pressure.	S16	065535	0.06553.5 Pa
36	Pressure.	S16	065535	0.06553.5 kPa
37	Speed.	S16	065535	0.06553.5 m/s
38	Speed.	S16	065535	0.06553.5 km/h

11.3.3.15 Holding registers for measurement alarm limits

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
12000	Low temperature alarm limit.	S16	-10001000	-100,0100,0 °C	0
12001	High temperature alarm limit.	S16	-10001000	-100,0100,0 °C	0
12002	Low humidity alarm limit.	S16	010000	0100,00 %rH	0
12003	High humidity alarm limit.	S16	010000	0100,00 %rH	0
12004	Low CO ₂ alarm limit.	S16	010000	010000 ppm	0
12005	High CO ₂ alarm limit.	S16	010000	010000 ppm	0

11.3.3.16 Holding registers for temperature measurement stability

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
12050	Temperature stability calculation range low limit.	S16	-10001000	-100.0100.0 °C	-1000
12051	Temperature stability calculation range high limit.	S16	-10001000	-100.0100.0 °C	1000
12052	Stability calculation time frame.	U16	165535	165535 h	24



11.3.3.17 Holding registers for dew point alarms

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
12060	Dew point alarm, low limit.	U16	01000	0.0100.0 °C	0
12061	Dew point alarm, high limit.	U16	01000	0.0100.0 °C	0

11.3.3.18 Holding registers for wireless inputs

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an X in the middle. Replace the X with the input number you are adjusting.

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
14X00	Selected transmitter.	S16	0100	0 = Off, ID 1100	0
14X01	Source value (transmitter register).	S16	0	 Temperature Humidity Additional measurement 1 (CO₂) Additional measurement 2 Additional measurement 3 Additional measurement 4 External input 1 External input 2 External input 3 External input 4 I2C value 1 I2C value 3 	O
14X02	Input overdrive status.	S16	O - 1	O. Disabled 1. Enabled	0
14X03	Input overdrive value.	S16	010000	0100,00 %	0
14X04	Minimum value.	S16	-3276832767	-3276832767	0
14X05	Maximum value.	S16	-3276832767	-3276832767	0
14X06	Value of input when the transmitter is offline.	S16	-110000	-1 = last known value, 0100,00 %	0
14X07	Contact on value.	S16	010000	0100,00 %	0
14X08	Contact off value.	S16	010000	0100,00 %	0
14X09	Contact hold on time (seconds).	S16	059	059 s	0
14X10	Contact hold on time (minutes).	S16	059	059 min	0
14X11	Contact hold on time (hours).	S16	060	060 h	0
14X12	Contact hold off time (seconds).	S16	059	059 s	0
14X13	Contact hold off time (minutes).	S16	059	059 min	0
14X14	Contact hold off time (hours).	S16	060	060 h	0
14X15	Value type.	U16	065535	065535	0



11.3.3.19 Holding registers for measurement group settings

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an X in the middle. Replace the X with the measurement group number (1...5) you are adjusting.



Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
12X00	Measured property.	U16	0 - 1 - 2 - 3	O. N/A 1. Temperature 2. Humidity 3. CO ₂	0
12X01	Sensor mask.	U16	bits O11	 Internal temperature Internal humidity Internal CO₂ Additional measurement 1 Additional measurement 2 Additional measurement 3 Additional measurement 4 Additional measurement 4 External input 1 External input 3 External input 3 External input 4 	0
12XO2	Transmitters that are included in the group, ID 116.	U16	bits 015	ID 116	0
12X03	Transmitters that are included in the group, ID 1732.	U16	bits 015	ID 1732	0
12X04	Transmitters that are included in the group, ID 3348.	U16	bits 015	ID 3348	0
12X05	Transmitters that are included in the group, ID 4964.	U16	bits 015	ID 4964	0
12X06	Transmitters that are included in the group, ID 6580.	U16	bits 015	ID 6580	0
12X07	Transmitters that are included in the group, ID 8196.	U16	bits 015	ID 8196	0
12X08	Transmitters that are included in the group, ID 97100.	U16	bits 03	ID 97100	0
12X09	Highest value used in the average calculation.	U16	-	-	0
12X10	Lowest value used in the average calculation.	U16	-	-	0



11.3.3.20 Holding registers for register grouping

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
18000	Register to be grouped, set 1. The selected Modbus address will be grouped from all transmitters to the input registers 1800018099.	U16	099	O99 (Transmitter Modbus register number)	51
18001	Register to be grouped, set 2. The selected Modbus address will be grouped from all transmitters to the input registers 1810018199.	U16	099	O99 (Transmitter Modbus register number)	52
18002	Register to be grouped, set 3. The selected Modbus address will be grouped from all transmitters to the input registers 1820018299.	U16	099	O99 (Transmitter Modbus register number)	53
18003	Register to be grouped, set 4. The selected Modbus address will be grouped from all transmitters to the input registers 1830018399.	U16	099	O99 (Transmitter Modbus register number)	54
18004	Register to be grouped, set 5. The selected Modbus address will be grouped from all transmitters to the input registers 1840018499.	U16	099	O99 (Transmitter Modbus register number)	57
18005	Register to be grouped, set 6. The selected Modbus address will be grouped from all transmitters to the input registers 1850018599.	U16	099	O99 (Transmitter Modbus register number)	58
18006	Register to be grouped, set 7. The selected Modbus address will be grouped from all transmitters to the input registers 1860018699.	U16	099	O99 (Transmitter Modbus register number)	59
18007	Register to be grouped, set 8. The selected Modbus address will be grouped from all transmitters to the input registers 1870018799.	U16	099	O99 (Transmitter Modbus register number)	60
18008	Register to be grouped, set 9. The selected Modbus address will be grouped from all transmitters to the input registers 1880018899.	U16	099	O99 (Transmitter Modbus register number)	23
18009	Register to be grouped, set 10. The selected Modbus address will be grouped from all transmitters to the input registers 1890018999.	U16	099	O99 (Transmitter Modbus register number)	24

11.3.4 Holding registers for wireless transmitters

11.3.4.1 Holding registers for transmitter user interface settings

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an XX in the middle. Replace the XX with the transmitter ID - 1 value. For example, a transmitter with the ID 6: XX = 05.





Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
2XX27	Display brightness.	U16	010	010	5
2XX28	Display scrolling mode.	U16	0 - 1	O. Upper value scrolling, lower value is static Lower value scrolling, upper value is static Output Description:	0
2XX29	Static value selection.	U16	1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5 - 6 - 7 - 8 - 9 - 10 - 11 - 12 - 13 - 14 -15 - 16	 Temperature Humidity Additional measurement 1 (CO₂) Additional measurement 2 Additional measurement 3 Additional measurement 4 External input 1 External input 2 External input 3 External input 4 I2C value 1 I2C value 2 I2C value 3 Value over bus 1 Value over bus 2 Value over bus 3 	1
2XX30	Scrolling value selection.	U16	bits O15	 Temperature Humidity Additional measurement 1 (CO₂) Additional measurement 2 Additional measurement 3 Additional measurement 4 External input 1 External input 2 External input 3 External input 4 I2C value 1 I2C value 2 I2C value 3 Value over bus 1 Value over bus 2 Value over bus 3 	2



Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
2XX31	Scrolling delay. Time to show each value on display. Affects also to display off delay. Display off delay = (number of items in scrolling value selection) * (display scrolling delay).	U16	130	130 s	10
Registers 2	2XX322XX35 are not in use.				
2XX36	Extra time increment step.	U16	065535	065535 s	1800
2XX37	Extra time maximum value.	U16	065535	065535 s	18000

11.3.4.2 Holding registers for transmitter measurement settings

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an XX in the middle. Replace the XX with the transmitter ID - 1 value. For example, a transmitter with the ID 6: XX = 05.

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
2XX38	External input 1.	U16	0 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5 - 6 - 7	0. Off 1. 010 V 2. 020 mA 3. Resistance x 0,1 4. Resistance x 10 5. NTC 10K 6. Pt1000 7. Contact	0
2XX39	External input 2.	U16	0 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5 - 6	0. Off 1. 010 V 2. 020 mA 3. Resistance x 0,1 4. Resistance x 10 5. NTC 10K 6. Pt1000 7. Contact	0
2XX40	External input 3.	U16	0 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5 - 6	0. Off 1. 010 V 2. 020 mA 3. Resistance x 0,1 4. Resistance x 10 5. NTC 10K 6. Pt1000 7. Contact	0
2XX41	External input 4.	U16	0 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5 - 6	0. Off 1. 010 V 2. 020 mA 3. Resistance x 0,1 4. Resistance x 10 5. NTC 10K 6. Pt1000 7. Contact	0



Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
2XX42	I2C input 1.	U16	065535	Upper 8 bits = I2C sensor type. Lower 8 bits = value selection (each known sensor has list of values that can be read)	0
2XX43	I2C input 2.	U16	065535	Upper 8 bits = I2C sensor type. Lower 8 bits = value selection (each known sensor has list of values that can be read)	0
2XX44	I2C input 3.	U16	065535	Upper 8 bits = I2C sensor type. Lower 8 bits = value selection (each known sensor has list of values that can be read)	0
2XX45	Automatic self-calibration of CO ₂ measurement.	U16	O - 1	O. Disabled 1. Enabled	1
2XX46	Occupancy detection delay.	U16	0 - 1 - 2	 0. Instant detection 1. 3 minutes / 3 seconds 2. 6 minutes / 6 seconds The time unit can be selected with Produal MyTool®. 	0
2XX47	Transmitter specific forced data update interval.	U16	0 / 3065535	O = function disabled, 3065535 s	0
2XX48	Change of value (COV) selection.	Bit	bits 012	 Temperature Humidity Additional measurement 1 (CO₂) Additional measurement 2 Additional measurement 3 Additional measurement 4 External input 1 External input 2 External input 3 External input 4 10.12C value 1 11. 12C value 3 	0

11.3.4.3 Holding registers for transmitter COV settings

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an XX in the middle. Replace the XX with the transmitter ID - 1 value. For example, a transmitter with the ID 6: XX = 05.





Note: The values that are marked with "-" depend on the transmitters' properties.

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
2XX49	COV limit for temperature.	S16	1500	0,150,0 °C	5
2XX50	COV limit for humidity.	S16	15000	0,0150,00 %rH	500
2XX51	COV limit for additional measurement 1 (CO ₂).	-	-	-	0
2XX52	COV limit for additional measurement 2.	-	-	-	0
2XX53	COV limit for additional measurement 3.	-	-	-	0
2XX54	COV limit for additional measurement 4.	-	-	-	0
2XX55	COV limit for external measurement 1.	-	-	-	0
2XX56	COV limit for external measurement 2.	-	-	-	0
2XX57	COV limit for external measurement 3.	-	-	-	0
2XX58	COV limit for external measurement 4.	-	-	-	0
2XX59	COV limit for I2C value 1.	-	-	-	0
2XX60	COV limit for I2C value 2.	-	-	-	0
2XX61	COV limit for I2C value 3.	-	-	-	0

11.3.4.4 Holding registers for transmitter measurement tuning

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an XX in the middle. Replace the XX with the transmitter ID - 1 value. For example, a transmitter with the ID 6: XX = 05.



Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
2XX62	Temperature offset.	S16	-500500	-50,050,0 °C	0
2XX63	Humidity offset.	S16	-50005000	-50,0050,00 %rH	0
2XX64	Additional measurement 1 offset (CO_2) .	-	-	-	0
2XX65	Additional measurement 2 offset.	-	-	-	0
2XX66	Additional measurement 3 offset.	-	-	-	0
2XX67	Additional measurement 4 offset.	-	-	-	0
2XX68	External measurement 1 offset.	-	-	-	0
2XX69	External measurement 2 offset.	-	-	-	0
2XX70	External measurement 3 offset.	-	-	-	0
2XX71	External measurement 4 offset.	-	-	-	0
2XX72	I2C value 1 offset.	-	-	-	0



Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
2XX73	I2C value 2 offset.	-	-	-	0
2XX74	I2C value 3 offset.	-	-	-	0

11.3.4.5 Holding registers for transmitter occupancy settings

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an XX in the middle. Replace the XX with the transmitter ID - 1 value. For example, a transmitter with the ID 6: XX = 05.

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
2XX90	Occupancy detection off delay. The occupancy detection on delay is set with the Modbus register 2XX46.	U16	0-1-2-3-4-5	0. 5 min / 5 s 1. 15 min / 15 s 2. 30 min / 30 s 3. 60 min / 60 s 4. 90 min / 90 s 5. 120 min / 120 s The time unit can be selected with Produal MyTool®.	0

11.3.4.6 Holding registers for advanced setpoint knob settings

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an XX in the middle. Replace the XX with the transmitter ID - 1 value. For example, a transmitter with the ID 6: XX = 05.

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
2XX91	Temperature setpoint.	S16	-999999	-99,999,9 °C	210
2XX92	Temperature deviation setpoint.	S16	-999999	-99,999,9 °C	10
2XX93	Fan speed setting.	U16	1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5 - 6 - 7 - 8 - 9 - 10 - 11 - 12 - 13 - 14	 Speed 1 Speed 2 Speed 3 Speed 4 Speed 5 Speed 6 N/A N/A N/A Off On Eco Day Night 	10
2XX94	Not in use.	U16	-	-	1
2XX95	Percentage setpoint.	U16	010000	0100,00 %	0
2XX96	CO ₂ setpoint.	U16	010000	010000	500

11.3.4.7 Holding registers for transmitter specific measurement update interval

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an XX in the middle. Replace the XX with the transmitter ID - 1 value. For example, a transmitter with the ID 6: XX = 05.



Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
2XX97	Transmitter specific measurement update interval.	S16	0 / 3065535	0 = function disabled, 3065535 s	0

12 Disposal

This device is considered as electrical and electronic equipment for disposal in terms of the applicable European Directive. At the end of life, the product must enter the recycling system at an appropriate collection point.

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- The device must be disposed through channels provided for this purpose.
- The disposal must be completed according to the local and currently applicable laws and regulations.

Generally all metals can be recycled as material. Plastics and cardboard packaging material can be used in energy recovery. Printed circuit boards need selective treatment according to IEC 62635 guidelines. To aid recycling, plastic parts are marked with an appropriate identification code. Contact your local distributor for further information on environmental aspects and recycling instructions for professional recyclers.

