

Technical Specification TLH Hydrostatic Two Wire Level Transmitter





Applications

- Hydrostatic level transmitter is used in different applications like
 - Level measurement
 - Hydraulic monitoring in rivers and sea
 - Muddy liquid level measurement
 - Water treatment
 - Water diversion project
 - Sewage treatment plant
 - Diesel
 - Oil
 - Sea water

Features

- Compact Size
- Liquid inventory assessment
- Easy Installation
- Measuring ranges from 1mH₂O to 200mH₂O
- Accuracy: ±0.2%FSO or ± 0.5%FSO
- Calibrated and temperature compensated
- Stainless steel construction
- Piezoresistive pressure sensor design
- Variety of Pressure & Electrical connections
- Output 4...20mA, 0...10V, 0...5V, ModBus RS485

Connection Diagram

Cable outlet



Product Overview

Trumen hydrostatic two wire level transmitter model TLH is made from high-quality silicon piezoresistive sensor. The piezoresistive sensor is packaged in stainless steel housing. The TLH is precision engineered to fit most level measurement. The water-proof cable connects with housing sealed, with vented tube putting in, the transmitter could be used in the water or liquid in a long time. Integrated construction and standard output signal could provide easy operation and good automatic control.

Operating Principle









convert diapgragm deformation into electrical resistance Pressure P(liq) on any surface and container walls at depth h, by the liquid of desnity d, is:

$P(liq) = d \times g \times h + P(air)$

where P(air) is the air pressure and g is the acceleration due to gravity (constant for a given place) at the place of liquid container. Replacing constants the equation becomes:

$P(liq) - P(air) = K \times h$

in short: Pressure difference represents liquid level. One convenient unit that clubs pressure with level is mH₂O (pressure felt at depth in meters while being immersed in water)

Trumen hydrostatic pressure transmitter utilizes pressure exerted by liquid P(liq) and substract it by air pressure P(air) using a single pressure sensitive diaphragm and air-vent in connection cable.

As Trumen hydrostatic pressure transducer is immersed deeper in the liquid, the P(liq) becomes higher than P(air) and the diphragm minutely deforms.

This diaphragm deformation can't be seen visibly, but it is caught by piezo-resistive sensors secured on the sensitive diaphragm.

Thus pressure exerted by liquid is sensed by Trumen hydrostatic sensor which is directly denotes the depth from the surface of liquid.



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Performance Specifications

Parameter	Value						
General							
Pressure Range	0-1,,200 mH2O						
Overpressure	1.5xFS						
Environmental							
Operating Temperature Range	-20 to +70 °C						
Compensated Temperature Range	0 to +70 °C						
Storage Temperature Range	-40 to +125 °C						
Vibration	10 g						
Shock	100 g						
Cycles	10x10 ⁶ cycles						
Electrical @ 25°C(77°F)							
Output Signal	420mA	05Vdc	15Vdc	010Vdc	0.54.5Vdc(ratiometric)	
Power Supply(Vs)	1236Vdc 1236Vdc 1236Vdc 1536Vdc 5Vdc						
Load Resistance	<(Vs-12)/0.02A (For current output), >10k Ω (For voltage output)						
Insulation Resistance	100MΩ @50Vdc						
Physical Specifications							
Media Compatibility	All media compatible with 316L stainless steel						
Housing	304 stainless steel						
Diaphragm	316L stainless steel						
Seal Ring	Viton or NBR						
Oil Filling	Silicone oil						
Protection	IP68						
Net Weight	Approx. 225g						
						_	
Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximu	ım Unit	ts	Notes	
Performance							
Accuracy	0.1	0.2	0.5	%FS	0	1,2	
Temp Coeff - Zero		±0.75	±1.5	%FS	0	3	

±1.5

±0.3

%FSO

%FSO/year

3

1

Temp Coeff - Span Long-Term Stability

Notes

1. All values measured at 25°C(77°F)

2. Including non-linearity, hysteresis and repeatability.

3. 0°C to 70°C(32°F to 158°F) with reference to 25°C(77°F).

The listed specifications and dimensions are subject to change without prior notice.

Dimensions (in mm)



Electrical Connections

0...10V, 1...5V Output



0...20mA Output

±0.75

±0.2



4...20mA Output





Mechanical Installation

A. Installation in the Static Water

The installation method in the static water indicated as chart 1.

To prevent shaking or destroying the transmitter when pumping, the transmitter should be put away from the liquid resource. Otherwise it should be installed to see chart 2, protected by steel tube.



B. Installation in Flowing Water (e.g. river channel, reservoir area)

The water-calming equipments are required

• Method one: Insert a steel tube in the water channel (chart 3).

The steel tube wall should be thicker, and several holes should be made on different heights of the tube to damp waves and clear the water pressure influence.



• Method two: Superficial burying is better in the sand and stone channel (chart 4). This method not only can clear water flowing pressure and wave influence, but also can filter the sand and mud.



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Ordering Information





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